**Jenny Quintana** 

# New ENGLISH FILE

Pre-intermediate Test Booklet



# This Test Booklet contains:

- an Entry test
- tests for each File, in A and B versions
  Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation
  Reading and Writing
  Listening and Speaking
- an extended End-of-course test, in A and B versions
- o a Key

# Introduction

In this test booklet you'll find:

- · an Entry test
- a test for each File of New English File Pre-intermediate
- an End-of-course test

#### The Entry test

The Entry test is an optional test which covers some of the key Grammar and Vocabulary points from New English File Pre-intermediate. If you feel your class are at quite a low level, look out for the Extra support ideas in the Teacher's Book. If they are stronger, look out for the Extra challenge ideas.

#### The A and B tests

There are two versions (A and B) of each File test and the End-of-course test, except the Speaking tests, which are designed for students to do in pairs. To prevent students from copying each other, make sure that a student with an A test is sitting next to a student with a B test. The two tests cover exactly the same material, but the questions have been changed and reorganized to make it almost impossible for students to copy answers. If copying isn't a problem with your class, you can just use the A tests.

The skills tests include KET-type exercises which reflect the format of the KET exam.

#### Listening tests

All the Listening tests re-use listenings from the Student's Book. Some students may remember the contexts of the listenings, but they are very unlikely to remember the detail, and the listening exercises are KET-type tasks which are different from the tasks that students have already done.

The Listening numbers 1.19 are indicated in the Answer key.

#### Answer key

The Answer key for the tests starts on page 72.

All the Tests consist of:

• Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

 Reading and Writing 25

 Listening and Speaking Total score

If you do the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation test but not Reading, Writing, Listening, or Speaking, double your students' marks to give a total score out of 100, e.g.

Grammar, Vocabulary, Pronunciation mark

38 50

Total score out of

76 100

100

If you do the Grammar, Vocabulary, Pronunciation test and Reading and Writing, but not Listening or Speaking, double your students' Reading and Writing marks to give a percentage, e.g.

Grammar, Vocabulary, Pronunciation mark

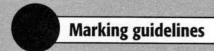
Reading and Writing mark

18/25 = 3650

Total score out of

74 100

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#### WRITING 10 MARKS

#### Task completion

The task is fully completed and the answer easy to understand. 4 marks

#### Grammar

The student uses appropriate structures to achieve the task. Minor errors do not obscure the meaning.

#### Vocabulary

The student uses a sufficient range of words and phrases to communicate the message clearly.

3 marks

#### SPEAKING 15 MARKS

#### Interactive communication

The student communicates effectively with his / her partner, asking and answering simple questions, and where necessary initiating conversation, and responding. The student uses appropriate strategies to complete the task successfully. 5 marks

#### Grammar and Vocabulary

The student uses a sufficient range of vocabulary and structure to communicate clearly. Minor occasional errors do not impede communication.

5 marks

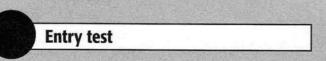
#### Pronunciation

The student's intonation, stress, and articulation of sounds make the message clear and comprehensible.

5 marks



G	RAMMAR	12	They pizza. They had pasta.
Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct answer A, B, or C.			A didn't have B don't have
	Example: She a student. She's a teacher.  A aren't B isn't \( \overline{\mathcal{L}} \) C not	13	C didn't had Who your favourite actors?
2	We to France last summer.  A going B go C went I lalways toast for breakfast.  A am having B have C has your brother play the guitar?		A be B are C is How often to the cinema?  A go you B do you go C you do go  They early on Sundays.  A haven't got up B aren't getting up  C don't get up
4	A Does B Has C Is My mum doesn't like to work.  A drive B driving C to driving	16	This is interesting book. Have you read it?  A a B an C the C
5	They TV at the moment.  A 're watching  B watched  C watch		I often go shopping the weekend.  A in   B for   C at
6	I to Rome.  A am never been B 've never been		The children played in the garden.  A happy   B happiness   C happily   These shoes aren't Look! They're too small.
7	C was never What tomorrow afternoon?  A are you going B are you going to do		A my B me C mine there any biscuits?
8	C do you do		A Are B Is C Be She hardly travels abroad.  A never B ever C more
9	A flew B flown C flied She to school today because she's ill.	22	Paul left work an hour  A since B past C ago C
10	A doesn't go B didn't go C didn't going L  I at the moment because I'm on holiday.  A 'm not studying B don't study	23	How chocolate do you eat?  A lot B much C many
11	C not study  Have you ever Japanese food?		This is film I've ever seen.  A the best B the most best C the better
	A eat B eaten C ate	25	I'm younger my sister.  A that B than C more C



V	OCABULARY	13	The opposite of cheap is
T	ick (✔) the correct answer A, B, or C.		A dangerous   B expensive   C boring
	Example: He drove the car into the	14	The day after Wednesday is
	A kitchen ☐ B bathroom ☐ C garage ✓		A Tuesday 🗌 B Thursday 🔲 C Friday 🗌
1	The number after ninety-nine is	15	It's usually cold in
	A one thousand   B one million		A winter B spring C summer
	C one hundred	16	The month after May is
2	The number after 11 is		A July   B June   C April
	A eleven B twelve C twenty	17	She the radio and listened to the news.
3	I can speak		A turned off B looked for C turned on
	A French B England C Germany	18	'Where's Tommy?'
4	He put the money in his		'He's his bike.'
	A credit card B wallet C coins		A riding B driving C playing C
5	'What's the time?'	19	Can you a photo of us, please?
	'Sorry. I don't have a'		A do B make C take
	A time B watch C book C	20	Let's for a walk.
6	I usually a sandwich for lunch.		A go B have C get C
	A have B drink C cook C	21	Bye a nice time.
7	I my homework after every lesson.		A Have B Make C Do
	A have B make C do C	22	We cook in the
8	Do you much exercise?		A kitchen B dining room C garage
	A play  B make C do C	23	We eat in the
9	My aunt is a She works for a newspaper.		A bathroom  B dining room  C garage
	A journalist B nurse C lawyer C	24	You can buy medicine at a
10	She answers the phone and talks to visitors.		A chemist's B hospital C post office
	She's a	25	'Would you like milk in your coffee?'
	A builder B musician C receptionist		'No, just, please.'
11	My aunt's husband is my		A sweets B cheese C sugar
	A cousin B nephew C uncle		25
12	The opposite of empty is		Grammar and Vocabulary total 50
	A full B rich C safe		

#### GRAMMAR

1	Pı	at the words in the correct order.	
	E	xample: Italian you do like food	
		Do you like Italian food?	
	1	did Ben yesterday where go	
			?
	2	are listening you to what	
		3	
	3	many people at party the how were	
			?
	4	going on go holiday year this you are to	
			?
	5	Millie her with does parents live	
		1	?
	6	Sarah doing now what is	
			3
			6

2 Complete Helen's e-mail with the verbs in the present simple or present continuous.

My nam	e's Helen and I <u>live</u>	e (live) in London. I play	the piano and
[ t	(love) jazz.	What about you? 2	you
	(like) music? I	'm a student but it's the	summer holi-
days, so	now I <sup>3</sup>	(not study), I <sup>4</sup>	(work)
in a rest	aurant. I <sup>5</sup>	(need) the money	because I'm
going to	visit Japan next ye	ear! I <sup>6</sup> (no	ot speak)
Japanes	e very well, so I 7 _	(have) some	e lessons.
8	you	(learn) any langua	ges at the
momen	t?		
Write so	on		
Helen			

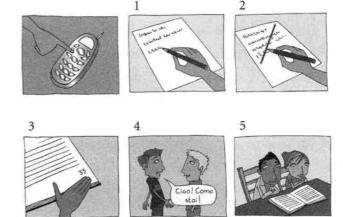
3 Complete the sentences with who, which, and where.

Example: A restaurant is a place where you can eat. 1 That's the woman \_\_\_\_\_ works in the pub. 2 A pharmacy is a shop \_\_\_\_\_\_ you can buy medicines. 3 Kangaroos are animals \_\_\_\_\_ live in Australia. 4 A pilot is a person \_\_\_\_\_ flies a plane. 5 A dictionary is a book \_\_\_\_\_ gives definitions of words. 6 A hotel is a place \_\_\_\_\_ people stay when they're on holiday.

6 Grammar total

## VOCABULARY

4 Look at the pictures and complete the phrases.









Example: Turn off your mobile phone.

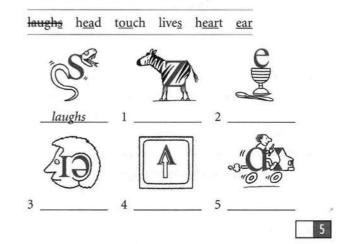
- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ down the words.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ out.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_\_ to page 33.
- 4 Don't \_\_\_\_\_ Italian.
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_\_ in pairs.
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ and answer the questions.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ the text.
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ the rhythm.

8

5	Complete the sentences with the correct words.
	Example: Mark makes me laugh. He's really <u>funny</u> .  funny talkative hard-working
	1 She's very She pays for everything!
	extrovert generous serious  2 Simon never does any work! He's very
	shy hard-working lazy
	3 My teacher's really She's nice to everybody.
	funny friendly quiet
	4 Don't be! Buy her a present!
	mean generous quiet
	5 Alina's She loves meeting new people.
	hard-working extrovert serious
	6 You were very Why didn't you say anything?
	talkative friendly quiet
6	<u>Underline</u> the odd word out.
	Example: feet legs knees <u>fingers</u>
	1 eyes shoulders nose mouth
	2 teeth stomach tongue lips
	3 back arm hand finger
	4 heart brain stomach foot
	5 neck shoulders heart back
	6 ears feet toes legs

## **PRONUNCIATION**

**7** Write the words in the correct place.



8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: stomach

- 1 opposite
- 2 unfriendly
- 3 grandfather
- 4 intelligent
- 5 abroad



Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

50

Vocabulary total

#### GRAMMAR

1 Complete Jennie's e-mail with the verbs in the present simple or present continuous.

I 1 (lo	ve) jazz. What	in Bristol. I play the about you? <sup>2</sup> tudent but it's the su	you
		(not study), I <sup>4</sup>	
(work) in a restaur	ant. I <sup>5</sup>	(need) the m	oney
because I'm going	to visit Brazil n	ext year! I 6	(not
speak) Portuguese	very well, so I	<sup>7</sup> (have	) some
lessons. 8	you	(learn) any la	nguages a
the moment?			
Write soon			
Jennie			

where.

Example: A pilot is a person who flies a plane.

- 1 A hotel is a place \_\_\_\_\_ people stay when they're on holiday.
- 2 A dictionary is a book \_\_\_\_\_ gives definitions of words.
- 3 That's the girl \_\_\_\_\_ works in the café.
- 4 A restaurant is a place \_\_\_\_\_\_ you can eat.
- 5 Lions are animals \_\_\_\_\_ live in Africa.
- 6 A pharmacy is a shop \_\_\_\_\_ you can buy medicines.

3 Put the words in the correct order.

Example: going on go holiday year this they are to Are they going to go on holiday this year?

- 1 Martin doing is now what 2 did Ben go yesterday where
- 3 with Paula her does mother live

4	do French you like food	
		— <u>;</u>
5	is to listening he what	
		?
6	many at people party the how were	72
		?
	L	6
	Grammar total	20

#### **VOCABULARY**

**4** Complete the sentences with the correct words.

Example: Don't be mean! Buy her a present! mean generous quiet

- 1 You were very \_\_\_\_\_. Why didn't you say anything?
- friendly quiet talkative 2 David's \_\_\_\_\_. He loves meeting new people.
- extrovert hard-working serious 3 He's very \_\_\_\_\_. He pays for everything!
- extrovert generous serious 4 Susie makes me laugh. She's really \_\_\_\_\_. funny talkative hard-working
- 5 My teacher's really \_\_\_\_\_. She's nice to everybody.
- funny friendly quiet 6 Pete never does any work! He's very \_
- hardworking shy lazy

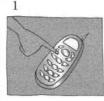
5 Underline the odd word out.

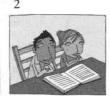
Example: brain heart stomach foot

- 1 eyes feet legs toes
- 2 neck back shoulders heart
- 3 shoulders eyes nose mouth
- 4 feet fingers legs knees
- 5 back hand finger arm
- 6 stomach tongue lips teeth

6 Look at the pictures and complete the phrases.



















Example: Don't speak Italian.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ off your mobile phone.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_\_ in pairs.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ down the words.
- \_\_\_\_\_ and answer the questions.
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ out.
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_\_ to page 33.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ the rhythm.
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ the text.

Vocabulary total

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

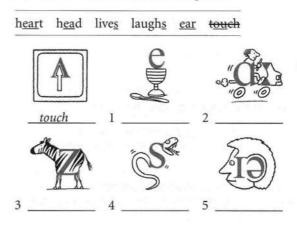
7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: address

- 1 abroad
- 2 grandfather
- 3 unfriendly
- 4 opposite
- 5 intelligent

_	-	100	6

8 Write the words in the correct place.



Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

#### READING

1 Read the article and tick  $(\checkmark)$  A, B, or C.

# Looking for love

Looking for Love is an agency that finds partners for single people of any age. Read about Lisa.

My name's Lisa. I'm 25 years old and I'm from Manchester. I'm single and I'm looking for love.

I'm a journalist on a local newspaper, which means I write stories about local issues and sometimes I interview politicians. I like my job, but I'd like to work on a national newspaper one day. That's because I want to have the opportunity to work abroad.

I have a small group of friends who I've known for years. I even went to school with some of them! I'm not really extrovert but I do like going out and having fun. We usually go out to parties, nightclubs, and restaurants. I also like cooking and I make great pasta! My ideal night in is a good meal, a glass of wine, and a DVD. I like thrillers much more than I like romantic comedies!

I'm not very sporty, but I like to keep fit. I stopped smoking last year and now I go running twice a week and I sometimes go to the gym at weekends. I eat lots of fruit and vegetables and I try not to have red meat or too much coffee. At work, I drink water or tea.

I prefer men who are interested in serious issues because I like talking about politics and what's happening in the world. However, I also like men with a good sense of humour. These characteristics are more important to me than physical appearance.

Please contact Looking for Love if you think you're the kind of person I'm looking for!

Ex	cample: Lisa is
A	married B divorced C single 🗸
1	In her job, Lisa has to
	A travel to other countries
	B write about politics
	C interview politicians abroad
2	Lisa met all her friends
	A at school B at work
	C a long time ago

	3	Lisa goes out
		A every night B to quiet places
		C with her friends
	4	Lisa doesn't like
		A politics B love stories D
		C Italian food
	5	Lisa does exercise
		A every weekend
		B more than once a week  C rarely
	6	Lisa doesn't often have
		A vegetables B red meat C tea C
	7	Lisa prefers men.
		A good looking B hard-working D
		C funny
		7
5		ead the article again. Are the sentences true (T) or lse (F)?
	Ez	xample: <i>Looking for Love</i> is an organization for young people. <i>E</i>
	1	Lisa doesn't want to change her job.
	2	She goes out with some of her school friends.
	3	She thinks she is extrovert.
	4	She enjoys watching films.
	5	She plays a lot of team sports.
	6	She sometimes smokes.
	7	She drinks a lot of coffee.
	8	She likes talking about serious things.
		Reading total 15

#### WRITING

Write an article for the *Looking for Love* website.

Write about:

- your personal details
- your job/studies
- your interests

- 1	$\overline{}$	_	7		
				Б	75
					п
				н	U

#### READING

1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

# Looking for love

Looking for Love is an agency that finds partners for single people of any age. Read about Lisa.

My name's Lisa. I'm 25 years old and I'm from Manchester. I'm single and I'm looking for love.

I'm a journalist on a local newspaper, which means I write stories about local issues and sometimes I interview politicians. I like my job, but I'd like to work on a national newspaper one day. That's because I want to have the opportunity to work abroad.

I have a small group of friends who I've known for years. I even went to school with some of them! I'm not really extrovert but I do like going out and having fun. We usually go out to parties, nightclubs, and restaurants. I also like cooking and I make great pasta! My ideal night in is a good meal, a glass of wine, and a DVD. I like thrillers much more than I like romantic comedies!

I'm not very sporty, but I like to keep fit. I stopped smoking last year and now I go running twice a week and I sometimes go to the gym at weekends. I eat lots of fruit and vegetables and I try not to have red meat or too much coffee. At work, I drink water or tea.

I prefer men who are interested in serious issues because I like talking about politics and what's happening in the world. However, I also like men with a good sense of humour. These characteristics are more important to me than physical appearance.

Please contact Looking for Love if you think you're the kind of person I'm looking for!

Ex	cample: Lisa is
A	married B divorced C single 🗸
1	Lisa often has to
	A interview politicians in other countries
	B talk about politics C travel abroad C
2	Lisa met all her friends
	A a long time ago B four years ago
	C at school

3	Lisa is
	A extrovert B a good cook D
	C very funny
4	Lisa doesn't like
	A staying at home B alcohol B
	C romantic stories
5	Lisa every week.
	A goes to the gym B goes jogging B
	C plays sport
6	Lisa often has
U	A coffee B fruit C red meat
7	Lisa prefers men.
/	A funny B hard-working B
	C attractive 7
D	- d thti-dti- A tht (T)
	ead the article again. Are the sentences true $(T)$ or lse $(F)$ ?
Ex	cample: Looking for Love is an organization for young people. $\underline{F}$
1	Lisa wants to work for a different newspaper.
2	She doesn't know any of her friends from school.
3	She thinks she is shy.
4	She enjoys watching romantic films.
5	She never takes exercise at the weekend.
6	She used to smoke.
7	She drinks a lot of tea.
8	She hates talking about serious things.
	8
	Reading total 15

#### WRITING

2

Write an article for the Looking for Love website.

Write about:

- your personal information
- your occupation
- your hobbies

# **Listening and Speaking**

# Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

You will hear a guide talking in an art gallery about a famous painting. Complete the information.

At the Moulin Rouge by Toulouse-Lautrec

- 1 The Moulin Rouge is a \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 The group of people sitting at the table includes a dancer
- 3 Jane Avril has fair hair and \_\_\_
- 4 The woman touching her hair in the picture is a
- 5 Toulouse-Lautrec is leaving the Moulin Rouge with his

Listening total	10
Speaking total	15

Listening and Speaking total

#### LISTENING

You will hear a guide talking in an art gallery about a famous painting. Complete the information.

At the Moulin Rouge by Toulouse-Lautrec

- 1 The Moulin Rouge is in \_\_\_
- 2 The woman wearing a hat is a \_\_\_
- 3 The woman with the white face has got \_\_\_\_\_ hair.
- 4 The singer is touching her \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 Toulouse-Lautrec's cousin was very \_\_\_

Listening total	10
Speaking total	15

Listening and Speaking total

## SPEAKING

# Student A

- 1 Ask your partner these questions.
  - 1 Where do you work/study?
  - 2 Who do you live with?
  - 3 What are your hobbies?
  - 4 What kind of personality do you have?
  - 5 Who's your ideal partner?
- 2 Read this information about Tim and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Tim Campbell

Age: 23

Occupation: builder

Personality: extrovert, hard-working, generous

Hobbies: football, painting

- 3 Now ask about the person in your partner's information.
  - name?
  - age?
  - job?
  - personality?
  - hobbies?

#### SPEAKING

# Student B

- 1 Ask your partner these questions.
  - 1 What do you do?
  - 2 Where do you live?
  - 3 What do you do in your free time?
  - 4 What three adjectives describe your personality best?
  - 5 What kind of men/women do you like?
- 2 Read this information about Amy and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Amy Hammond

Age: 25

Occupation: nurse

Personality: quiet, funny, friendly

Hobbies: running, music

- 3 Now ask about the person in your partner's information.
  - name?
  - · age?
  - job?
  - · personality?
  - hobbies?

#### GRAMMAR

1		ete the sentences. Use the verbs in brackets ast simple or the past continuous.
	Example	e: I <u>saw</u> (see) James yesterday.
	1 It	(rain) when we got to the beach.
	2 I met	Paul when I (walk) the dog.
	3 She _ week.	(not go) to the cinema with us last
	4 when	you saw him? (wear) his new jeans
	5 Last y mara	rear I (run) in the London thon.
		(not watch) TV when you rang, I was in nower.
	7sumn	you (drive) to France last
	8 What	you(do) at eight
	o'cloc	ck last night?
2	Comple	ete the dialogue.
	Freddie	Where <u>did</u> you go (you go) last year?
	Mike	I went to Japan.
	Freddie	Fantastic! When 1 (you go)?
	Mike	In the summer.
	Freddie	Who <sup>2</sup> (you go) with?
	Mike	I went with Sam, but we had a few problems.
	Freddie	What <sup>3</sup> (happen)?
	Mike	We lost our passports.
	Freddie	Really? What 4 (you do)?
	Mike	We went to the police station.
	Freddie	What 5 (they say)?
	Mike	Well – the passports were there!
	Freddie	That was lucky! Who 6 (find) them?
	Mike	Two children – in a park.
	Freddie	That was very lucky!

Ex	cample: I don't eat meat <u>because</u>	I'm a vegetaria	n.
1	it's late, I'm not tire	ed.	
2	I invited Sue to the party, to come.	she didn	't want
3	Tom couldn't do the exam, difficult.	it wasn	't
4	It was raining, I too	ok my umbrella	
5	I'm learning Italianin Rome.	_I've got a penf	riend
6	They won the lottery a new house.	they're going	to buy
		Grammar total	20
o C	ABULARY		
U	nderline the correct verb.		
Ex	cample: go / spend / stay abroad	d	
1	hire / buy / go souvenirs		
2	stay / meet / rent an apartmen	t	
3	do / take / spend photos		
4	go / be / have for a walk		
5	take / have / spend a good time	e	
6	see / spend / walk around the t	town	
7	rent / hire / go by car		
8	stay / spend / have in a hotel		8

5 Complete the sentences with at, in, or on.

Example: My birthday's on 31st August.

- 1 The Eiffel Tower is \_\_\_\_\_ Paris.
- 2 We met \_\_\_\_\_ 2 o'clock.
- 3 I met Harry \_\_\_\_\_ 1992.
- 4 He got \_\_\_\_\_ the bus and I waved goodbye.
- 5 We arrived \_\_\_\_\_ the airport two hours before the flight.
- 6 We had lunch \_\_\_\_\_ the balcony.

6 Write the words.

















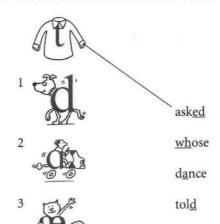
5

Vocabulary total

6

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Match the sounds with the words.



why panic panic



5

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: together

- 1 imagine
- 2 salad
- 3 album
- 4 interview
- 5 musician

Pronunciation total

10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

#### GRAMMAR

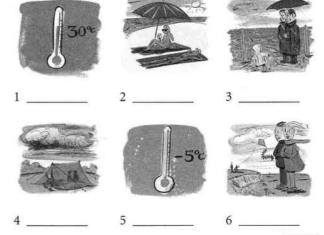
1	Complet	e the dialogue.
	Amanda	Where <u>did</u> you go (you go) last year?
	Katie	I went to Australia.
	Amanda	Fantastic! When 1 (you go)?
	Katie	In the summer.
	Amanda	Who <sup>2</sup> (you go) with?
	Katie	I went with Nicky, but we had a few problems.
	Amanda	What <sup>3</sup> (happen)?
	Katie	We lost our passports.
	Amanda	Really? What 4 (you do)?
	Katie	We went to the police station.
	Amanda	What 5 (they say)?
	Katie	Well – the passports were there!
	Amanda	That was lucky! Who 6 (find) them?
	Katie	Two children – in a park.
	Amanda	That was very lucky!
2	Complet although	te the sentences with so, because, but, or
	Example:	It was sunny, <u>so</u> I wore a hat.
	1,571	won the lottery they're going to buy house.
		earning Japanese she's got a end in Tokyo.
	3	it's late, I'm not tired.
	4 I don't	t eat meat I'm a vegetarian.
	5 Sarah difficu	couldn't do the exam, it wasn't alt.
	6 I asked too tir	
		6

**3** Complete the sentences. Use the verbs in brackets in the past simple or the past continuous.

1		(drive) to France last
	summer?	
2	Last month I marathon.	(run) in the New York
3	It (rain	) when we got to the beach.
4	She (n reading a book.	ot watch) TV when I rang, she was
5	Whatlast night?	ne (do) at seven o'clock
6	They (week.	not go) to the cinema with us last
7	I (see)	Sergei yesterday.
8	I met Belinda whe	n I (walk) the dog.
		8
		Grammar total 20

## **VOCABULARY**

4 Write the words.



**5** Complete the sentences with *at*, *in*, or *on*.

Example: He got on the bus and I waved goodbye.

- 1 We had lunch \_\_\_\_\_ the balcony.
- 2 They arrived \_\_\_\_\_ the airport two hours before the flight.
- 3 Big Ben is \_\_\_\_\_ London.
- 4 Her birthday's \_\_\_\_\_ 5th September.
- 5 I met Jonathan \_\_\_\_\_ 1998.
- 6 They met \_\_\_\_\_ 7 p.m.

6

6 <u>Underline</u> the correct verb.

Example: go / be / have for a walk

- 1 hire / rent / go by car
- 2 have / take / spend a good time
- 3 hire / buy / go souvenirs
- 4 see / spend / walk around the town
- 5 spend / stay / have in a hotel
- 6 do / take / spend photos
- 7 go/spend/stay abroad
- 8 stay / rent / meet an apartment

Vocabulary total

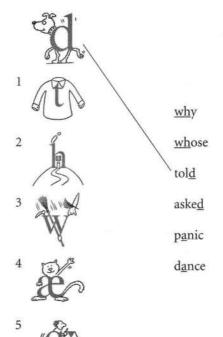
#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: together

- 1 musician
- 2 album
- 3 salad
- 4 imagine
- 5 interview

8 Match the sounds with the words.





Pronunciation total



Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total



#### READING

1 Read the extract from a travel book. Tick  $(\checkmark)$  A, B, or C.

I arranged to stay in a farmhouse outside a village in southern Italy. My itinerary said that the plane arrived in Italy at five o'clock in the afternoon and it was a thirty-minute drive from the airport to the village. I wanted to get to my destination before it got dark, so I could have a drink, watch the sunset, and enjoy an evening meal!

The problems began at Heathrow airport. My plane was three hours late. I walked around the airport, looked in the shops, and drank coffee in the cafés. I didn't eat anything. That was a mistake! When the plane finally took off, they gave me a cold, tasteless meal which I couldn't eat.

We arrived in Italy in the early evening. The sun was setting as I was collecting my bags! I missed it completely! I went to the desk to find my hire car and that's when I discovered the next problem. The receptionist couldn't find my name on the computer and there were no more cars. There were no buses or trains to the village, and the taxis were on strike.

The receptionist felt sorry for me. She phoned her brother, Alessandro, who agreed to take me to the village. Alessandro arrived in a very old car and we set off. Fifteen minutes later ... we broke down. I was tired, depressed, and very, very hungry. Luckily, Alessandro was a mechanic. After an hour, he fixed the car and we started driving again.

It was nearly midnight when we arrived at the farmhouse. A man opened the door and smiled. 'Come in,' he said. 'We waited for you.' I sat with a group of the friendliest people I've ever met and had an absolutely wonderful meal.

Ex	kample: It was the writer's first trip to Italy.
	A True 🗌 B False 🗌 C Doesn't say 🗸
1	He bought some souvenirs at Heathrow airport.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
2	He had a snack at the airport.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
3	He complained about the meal on the plane.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
4	He planned to walk to the village from the airport.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
5	His name wasn't on the computer of the hired car company.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
6	He couldn't get a train to the village because they were on strike.

A True B False C Doesn't say

	7	The receptionist asked a relative to help the writer.		
		A True B False C Doesn't say		
	8	Alessandro was a taxi driver.		
		A True B False C Doesn't say		
	9	When the car broke down, Alessandro phoned a mechanic.		
		A True B False C Doesn't say		
3	10	There was no food for the writer at the farmhouse.		
		A True B False C Doesn't say		
		10		
2	Re	ead the text again and answer the questions.		
	1	What three things did the writer want to do that evening?		
	2	Why didn't he eat on the plane?		
	3	Why didn't he see the sunset?		
	4	Why didn't he travel to the village by bus?		
	5	When did he get to the farmhouse?		
		5		
		Reading total 15		
1//	BI.	TING		

Write about a journey you really enjoyed. Answer these questions.

- 1 Where did you go?
- 2 How did you travel?
- 3 Who did you talk to during the journey?
- 4 What did you see during the journey?
- 5 Why did you enjoy the journey?

~~~

#### READING

1 Read the extract from a travel book. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

I arranged to stay in a farmhouse outside a village in southern Italy. My itinerary said that the plane arrived in Italy at five o'clock in the afternoon and it was a thirty-minute drive from the airport to the village. I wanted to get to my destination before it got dark, so I could have a drink, watch the sunset, and enjoy an evening meal!

The problems began at Heathrow airport. My plane was three hours late. I walked around the airport, looked in the shops, and drank coffee in the cafés. I didn't eat anything. That was a mistake! When the plane finally took off, they gave me a cold, tasteless meal which I couldn't eat.

We arrived in Italy in the early evening. The sun was setting as I was collecting my bags! I missed it completely! I went to the desk to find my hire car and that's when I discovered the next problem. The receptionist couldn't find my name on the computer and there were no more cars. There were no buses or trains to the village, and the taxis were on strike.

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Evample: It was the venitor's Guet tain to Italy

xample. It was the writer's first trip to Italy.
A True 🗌 B False 🔲 C Doesn't say 🗸
The writer planned to catch a bus to the village from the airport in Italy.
A True B False C Doesn't say
He stayed in the airport while he was waiting for his plane.
A True B False C Doesn't say
He didn't like the food at the airport.
A True B False C Doesn't say
He didn't eat anything on the plane.
A True B False C Doesn't say
The receptionist couldn't find his hire car.
A True B False C Doesn't say

	6	There wasn't a train station at the village.
		A True B False C Doesn't say
	7	The receptionist asked a friend to help the writer.
		A True B False C Doesn't say
	8	Alessandro had a fast new car.
		A True B False C Doesn't say
	9	When the car broke down, Alessandro was surprised.
		A True B False C Doesn't say
	10	The writer had an evening meal.
		A True B False C Doesn't say
		10
2	D	ead the text again and answer the questions.
_		What three things did the writer want to do at the
	1	farmhouse?
	2	Why didn't he like the food on the plane?
	3	What was he doing when the sun was setting?
	4	How did he travel to the village?
		<del></del>
	5	When did he eat his evening meal?
		5
		Reading total 15
W	RI	TING
W	rite	e about a journey you really enjoyed. Answer

these questions.

- 1 Where did you travel to?
- 2 Who did you go with?
- 3 How did you travel?
- 4 What did you see?
- 5 What interesting things happened?

A journey I enjoyed	**
I travelled	
^	
	10

LISTENING

#### LISTENING

Listen to the holiday programme. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.	Listen to the holiday programme. Tick (✔) A, B, or C.
1 The holiday horror story is about	1 The holiday horror story is about
A Sean, his aunt and his uncle	A Sean's relatives
B Sean and his friends	B Sean, his uncle and his aunt
C Sean's aunt and uncle	C Two of Sean's friends
2 Sean's aunt and uncle are	2 Sean's aunt and uncle are
A fifty-seven B in their seventies	A in their teens B in their sixties
C in their sixties	C in their seventies
3 Sean's uncle booked the holiday	3 Sean's uncle found the holiday
A by phoning the hotel  B on the Internet	A on the Internet B in a travel agent's
C at a traditional travel agent's	C in a newspaper
4 They didn't like the holiday because	4 They didn't enjoy the holiday because
A there was nothing to do	A the resort was too quiet.
B the beaches were deserted	B they wanted a peaceful holiday.
C their hotel was too noisy	C the beaches were dirty.
5 When they arrived home they were	5 When they arrived home they were
A very tired   B angry   C relaxed	A angry   B happy   C very tired
Listening total 10	Listening total 10
Speaking total 15	Speaking total 15
Listening and Speaking total 25	Listening and Speaking total 25

#### SPEAKING

# Student A

- 1 Ask your partner about taking photographs.
  - 1 How often do you take photos? Do you enjoy it?
  - 2 Did you take many photos on your last holiday? What were they like?
  - 3 What's the best photo you've ever taken / seen? Where were you at the time?
- 2 Answer your partner's questions about Robbie Williams.

Name: Robbie Williams

Born: Stoke on Trent, England, 13th Feb 1974 Started career: singer in band Take That

Now: solo singer

Famous songs: Angels, Let me Entertain you, Something Stupid (with Nicole Kidman)

- 3 Now ask your partner about his / her famous singer.
  - · Who?
- Sing /with band / now?
- When / where born?What / famous songs?
- How start / career?

#### SPEAKING

# **Student B**

10

- 1 Ask your partner about photographs.
  - 1 Do you enjoy taking photos of your family and friends? Why (not)?
  - 2 Did you take many photos on holiday last year? What were they like?
  - 3 Have you ever taken a really good / bad photo?
- 2 Ask your partner about a famous singer.
  - What / name?
- What do / now?
- When / where born?
- What / famous songs?
- Start / career / as a singer?
- 3 Now answer your partner's questions about Kylie Minogue.

Name: Kylie Minogue

Born: Melbourne, Australia, 28th May 1968

Started career: actress - soap opera Neighbours

Now: solo singer

Famous songs: Can't get you out of my head, Spinning around

## GRAMMAR

1 <u>Underline</u> the correct word or phrase. Example: I think it's snowing / going to snow this evening. 1 I don't think he's going to phone / phoning tonight. 2 I'm travelling / going to travel around the world one 3 I can't come to the cinema, I'm going to meet / meeting Jan tonight. 4 Fran says she's buying / going to buy some milk on her way home. 5 What are you doing / going to do when you leave university? 6 You're not going to enjoy / enjoying the party next Friday. 2 Complete the sentences with will / 'll, won't, or shall. Example: 'I can't do this exercise.' 'Don't worry I'll help you.' 1 '\_\_\_\_\_ you be able to come to the meeting tomorrow?' 'Yes, I think so.' 2 I don't think I \_\_\_\_\_ finish my homework tonight. 3 \_\_\_\_\_ I pick you up at 9 o'clock?

4 I'll ring you tomorrow! I \_\_\_\_\_ forget.

6 I \_\_\_\_\_ walk home. I'll get a taxi.

5 There \_ umbrella. \_ be heavy rain this evening, so take your

3		omplete the ne verb in bra		Use the correct form of
	E	kample: I <u>'m g</u> e	oing to be (b	e) a doctor one day.
	1	What you this mor		(do) when I saw
	2	Simon	(have	e) a karate lesson right now.
	3	I'm hungry! this morning		_ (not have) any breakfast
	4	Iafternoon – l	(see) the de I've got an a	octor at 3 o'clock this appointment.
	5	I	(not be) la	te. I promise.
	6	Michael	(no	t live) here now.
	7	She finishes univ		long holiday when she
	8		ames	(send) you an e-mail
		last night?		8
				Grammar total 20
V	c	ABULARY		
4	W	rite the oppo	osite.	
	E	xample: win	<u>lose</u>	
	1	lend		
	2	push		_
	3	forget		_
	4	sell		- 10000
	5	leave		-
	6	miss (a bus)		-
	7	learn		
	8	close		8

5	Complete the sentences with the correct verb.
	Example: I often <i>look</i> after my little brother at the weekend.
	see look give
	1 I'm going to this jumper back to the shop. I don't like it.
	pay call take
	2 I never with my brother. We have completely different views.
	think agree look
	3 Can you me back the money I lent you?
	call take pay
	4 Are you forward to your holiday?
	looking being going
	5 I met James last night and we about getting married.
	told said talked
	6 Mike phoned. He's going to you back in an hour.
	call send look
6	Complete the phrases with the correct preposition.
•	
	Example: listen <u>to</u> a radio programme
	1 wait a bus
	2 argue a friend
	3 dream an old house
	4 write a letter a penfriend
	5 speak your teacher
	6 think something

PR	0	N	11	N	CI	Δ	TI	O	N

7 Write the words in the correct column.

<del>w<u>a</u>m</del>	w <u>o</u> n't	<u>o</u> ffer	d <u>o</u> n't	s <u>o</u> rry	kn <u>ow</u>	
"	29,0			3		
11	want	_ 2 _		<b>Y</b>		
10						
	r <u>line</u> th		sed syll	able.		
Exam	ple: <u>doc</u>		sed syll	able.		
Exam			sed syll	able.		
Exam 1 fat	ple: <u>doc</u>		sed syll	able.		
Exam 1 fati 2 coi	ple: <u>doc</u> her		sed syll	able.		
Exam 1 fat 2 cor 3 alt	ple: <u>doc</u> her mplete		sed syll	able.		
Exam 1 fat 2 cor 3 alt	ple: <u>doc</u> her mplete hough		sed syll	able.		Г

Vocabulary total

#### GRAMMAR

1		omplete the sentences with will / 'll, won't, or nall.
	E	xample: I'll ring you this evening! I won't forget.
	1	I get a taxi. I'll walk to the station.
	2	There be snow tonight in the north, so be careful on the roads.
	3	' you be able to come to our party on Saturday?' 'Yes, I think so.'
	4	If you can't do the exercise, ask me and I help you.
	5	I pick you up after lunch?
	6	I don't think I watch the late film tonight.
		6
		ne verb in brackets.  Example: <u>I'm seeing</u> (see) the dentist tomorrow – I've got an appointment.
	1	They (travel) to Australia in the new year.
	2	Don't worry, I promise I (not be) late.
	3	What he (do) when you phoned him this morning?
	4	Jill and Theo (not live) here now.
	5	Renata (send) you an e-mail
		yesterday?
	6	We're hungry! We (not have) any breakfast this morning.
	7	She (be) a teacher when she leaves university.
	8	Andrew (have) a piano lesson now.
		8

3	Underli	ne the	correct	word	or r	hrase.
	CIICITI	TTO CALO			- F	

Example: I'm buying / going to buy some bread before the shops close.

- 1 I'm not going to enjoy / enjoying the party next
- 2 What is he **doing / going to do** when he leaves school?
- 3 I don't think she's going to phone / phoning tonight.
- 4 I think it's **snowing** / **going to snow** this evening.
- 5 I can't come to the theatre, I'm meeting / going to meet Martha tonight.
- 6 We're travelling / going to travel around the world one day.

L	No.
Grammar total	20

#### VOCABULARY

4 Complete the sentences with the correct verb.

E	cample: Are you <u>looking</u> forward to the party!
	being looking going
1	Helena phoned. She's going to you back after lunch.
	look call send
2	I met Antonio last night and we about getting married.
	talked told said
	I'm going to this skirt back to the shop. I don't like it.
	call pay take
	She often after her little sister at the weekend.
	sees looks gives
5	Can you me back the money I lent you?
	take call pay
6	I never with my dad. We have completely different views.

agree look think

5	Complete	the phrases	with the	correct	preposition
---	----------	-------------	----------	---------	-------------

Example: write a letter to a friend

- 1 think \_\_\_\_\_ something
- 2 speak \_\_\_\_\_ your teacher
- 3 wait \_\_\_\_ a bus
- 4 listen \_\_\_\_\_ a radio programme
- 5 dream \_\_\_\_ an old house
- 6 argue \_\_\_\_\_ your brother

# **6** Write the opposite.

Example: sell sold

- 1 learn
- 2 leave 3 lend
- 4 miss (a bus) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 close
- 6 forget
- 7 win
- 8 push

	8

Vocabulary total

# **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: exist

- 1 always
- 2 although
- 3 complete
- 4 father
- 5 secret

#### 8 Write the words in the correct column.

want know won't don't offer sorry 1 won't

Pronunciation total 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

#### READING

1 Read the article about people who work in airports. Tick  $(\checkmark)$  A, B, or C.

Airports are amazing mini-cities where there are hundreds of different jobs you can do. We spoke to three people who do very different things.

Sarah May, 34, terminal duty manager

'I started on the information desk and I did that for two years. Most of the time people were friendly, but occasionally I had to deal with some difficult questions and some very angry people. Last year, I became a terminal duty manager. Now I deal with all kinds of things, including passenger complaints, visits by the rich and famous, heating failures, cleaning contracts, and health issues. In fact, I spend a lot of time walking around and talking to people on my mobile.'

John Hammond, 23, baggage handler

'Doing this job means I'm very fit, because I have to carry bags and suitcases and put them onto the baggage trucks. The best thing about my job is the people I work with. We have a lot of fun at work. The worst thing is the shift work. I hate working at night and very early in the morning. I don't think I'm going to do this job for ever, but I'll probably look for something else in the airport because I think it's a really exciting place to work.'

Tessa Reed, 28, airport engineer

'I studied engineering at university and worked in an office for a few years. I was quite bored, so when I saw an advert for an engineer at Heathrow airport, I decided to apply. There are all kinds of things to deal with here - ventilation, heating, escalators, lifts - my job can be very busy sometimes. So many things can go wrong! I'm usually very tired when I get home, but I enjoy doing different things each day."

Ex	cample: Sarah enjoyed her work on the information
de	sk
A	all the time $\square$ B most of the time $\checkmark$
C	none of the time $\square$
1	Sarah started working at the airport
	A last year   B two years ago
	C more than two years ago
2	Sarah doesn't talk about
	A security
	B dealing with passenger's problems
	C well-known passengers

	3	In his job, John has to
		A drive B put bags onto trucks
		C ride on the trucks
	4	John likes
		A working at different times of the day
		B carrying heavy things
		C the people that he works with
	5	Tessa's job at the airport is her
		A first job   B second job   C third job
	6	Tessa enjoys her job because
		A there is always something different to do
		B she always has a lot to do
		C she likes working in a big place 6
2	W	rite S for Sarah, J for John, or T for Tessa.
	E	xample: Who has to talk to passengers? S
	1	did a different job at the airport before?
	2	wants to find a new job?
	3	is well-educated?
	4	speaks on the phone a lot?
	5	has a very physical job?
	6	organizes visits from well-known people?
	7	makes sure the airport is clean?
	8	works at unusual times of the day?
	9	gets very tired?
		Reading total 15
		Redding total

#### WRITING

Your penfriend writes to you and asks a lot of questions. Write a letter and answer the questions.

- How are you / your family?
- When are you coming to stay?
- Are you going to fly or get the train?
- What time will you arrive?
- Do you want to go to the beach for a few days?

D	Dear,
T	Tranks for your letter. I'm
_	

#### READING

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E	cample: Sarah enjoyed her work on the information
de	esk
A	all the time $\square$ B most of the time $\checkmark$
С	none of the time
1	Sarah started working at the airport
	A one year ago   B two years ago
	C a long time ago
2	Sarah doesn't talk about
	A keeping the airport clean
	B problems with security
	C well-known visitors

	3	In his job, John doesn't have to
		A start work early  B drive the trucks
		C put suitcases onto trucks
	4	John often
		A works at different times of the day
		B works in different parts of the airport
		C goes out with people from work
	5	Tessa's job at the airport is
		A her first job since university   B sometimes
		boring C Her second job since university
	6	Tessa enjoys her job because
		A each day is different
		B she likes being busy C she likes airports
		[6]
•		1: 06 0 1 16 11 mc m
2	W	Trite $S$ for Sarah, $J$ for John, or $T$ for Tessa.
	E	xample: <i>Who</i> has to talk to passengers? $\underline{S}$
	1	would like to do something else at the airport?
	2	is often tired?
	3	needs to be physically strong?
	4	organizes visits from well-known people?
	5	had a good education?
	6	uses the phone a lot?
	7	is involved in keeping the airport clean?
	8	has had two jobs at the airport?
	9	works different hours?
		Reading total 15

#### WRITING

Your penfriend writes to you and asks a lot of questions. Write a letter and answer the questions.

- How are you and all your family?
- When are you coming to visit?
- Are you going to drive or get the train?
- What time will you arrive?
- Do you want to stay with us or travel around?

Dear,		
Thanks for your letter. I'm		
	<b>/</b>	~~~

# Listening and Speaking

LI	ST	EN	IN	G
----	----	----	----	---

Rima is a  A waitress  B nanny  C cook    Rima doesn't live  A in a flat  B with a friend    C on her own    Rima speaks good English because she  A has English friends  B studies hard    C practises at work    Rima and her boyfriend  A are from Lithuania    B work at the restaurant  C do the same job    Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year  B start a business    C live in a different country    Listening total  10  Speaking total  15	Li	sten to Rima. Tick (✔) A, B, or C.
Rima doesn't live  A in a flat  B with a friend  C on her own  B Rima speaks good English because she  A has English friends  B studies hard  C practises at work  Rima and her boyfriend  A are from Lithuania  C do the same job  Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year  B start a business  C live in a different country  Listening total  10	l	Rima is a
A in a flat  B with a friend  Rima speaks good English because she  A has English friends  B studies hard  Rima and her boyfriend  A are from Lithuania  C do the same job  Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year  B start a business  C live in a different country  Listening total  10		A waitress B nanny C cook C
C on her own  Rima speaks good English because she  A has English friends B studies hard C practises at work Rima and her boyfriend  A are from Lithuania B work at the restaurant C do the same job Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year B start a business C live in a different country Listening total 10	2	Rima doesn't live
Rima speaks good English because she  A has English friends  B studies hard  C practises at work  Rima and her boyfriend  A are from Lithuania  C do the same job  Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year  B start a business  C live in a different country  Listening total  10		A in a flat B with a friend D
A has English friends  B studies hard  Rima and her boyfriend  C do the same job  Rima and her boyfriend  C do the same job  Rima and her boyfriend would like to  Set married next year  B start a business  Listening total  Speaking total		C on her own
C practises at work  Rima and her boyfriend  A are from Lithuania  B work at the restaurant  C do the same job  Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year  B start a business  C live in a different country  Listening total  Speaking total  15	3	Rima speaks good English because she
Rima and her boyfriend  A are from Lithuania  B work at the restaurant C do the same job  Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year B start a business  C live in a different country  Listening total  Speaking total		A has English friends B studies hard
A are from Lithuania  B work at the restaurant  C do the same job  Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year  B start a business  C live in a different country  Listening total 10		C practises at work
B work at the restaurant  C do the same job  Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year  B start a business  C live in a different country  Listening total  10	1	Rima and her boyfriend
Rima and her boyfriend would like to  A get married next year  B start a business  C live in a different country  Listening total  10		A are from Lithuania
A get married next year B start a business C live in a different country Listening total Speaking total 15		B work at the restaurant C do the same job
C live in a different country Listening total 10  Speaking total 15	5	Rima and her boyfriend would like to
Listening total 10 Speaking total 15		A get married next year B start a business
Speaking total 15		C live in a different country
Speaking total 15		
Speaking total 15		Listening total
Listening and Speaking total 25		Speaking total
		Listening and Speaking total 25

#### LISTENING

Listen to Rima. Tick (✓) A, B, or C. 1 Rima works\_ A with children B in an Indian restaurant C as a waitress 2 Rima lives A on her own B in a shared house C in a flat 3 Rima's English has improved because she A has lessons B practises at work C is doing a home-study course 4 Rima's boyfriend A is a waiter B is Lithuanian C works with her 5 Rima and her boyfriend are going to A start a business B leave London soon C open a restaurant in Italy Listening total Speaking total Listening and Speaking total

#### SPEAKING

# Student A

- 1 Ask your partner about his / her plans.
  - 1 What are you going to do this evening?
  - 2 What / Where are you going to eat?
  - 3 Where are you going to go at the weekend?
  - 4 Who are you going to go on holiday with next year?
  - 5 Where are you going to go?
- 2 Answer your partner's questions about Zoe's plans.

Saturday meet Jill / in town / 10 a.m. (shopping and pizza) Sam's party / 9 p.m. (wear new jeans) sleep all morning meet Ann / swimming pool / 1 p.m.

- 3 Ask your partner about Billy's plans.
  - Saturday a.m. Who? Where? What time? What do?
  - Saturday p.m. Who? Where? What time?
  - Sunday a.m. What?
  - Sunday p.m. Who? Where? What time?

#### SPEAKING

# Student B

- 1 Ask your partner about his / her plans.
  - 1 Where are you going to go after this class?
  - 2 Who are you going to see later?
  - 3 What are you going to go at the weekend?
  - 4 Where are you going to go on holiday next summer?
  - 5 Who are you going to go with?
- 2 Ask your partner about Zoe's plans.
  - Saturday a.m. Who? Where? What time? What do?
  - Saturday p.m. Where? What time? What wear?
  - Sunday a.m. What?
  - Sunday p.m. Who? Where? What time?
- 3 Answer your partner's questions about Billy's plans.

meet Tim / in park / 9 a.m. (football training) meet Sally / outside cinema / 7 p.m. study for English test meet Mark 7 cafe / 5 p.m.

#### GRAMMAR

1 Complete the e-mail with the verbs in the present perfect or past simple.

Hi Tim I 've just read (just / read) your e-mail. I hope things get easier for you before the weekend. You 1 \_\_\_\_\_ (be) really busy this week! \_\_\_\_ (you / book) your holiday yet? In May, I \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to Australia with my family again. We \_\_\_\_\_ (be) there three times now! But this time, we \_\_\_\_\_ (not stay) with my aunt in Sydney. Instead, we 6 \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) around to different places. Then in July, Helen and I 7 \_\_\_\_\_ (travel) around Italy. 8 \_ (you / ever / be) to the Coliseum? It's a fantastic place. Write soon! Sasha

**2** Complete the dialogues with *just*, *already*, or *yet*.

Example: 'I've just made some coffee. Would vou like

17074	some?' 'No	thanks. I've ju	
1	'Have you finished	that book 1_	?"
	'I've <sup>2</sup> minutes ago!'	read the last p	age. I finished it two
2	'I've 3s month.' 'Don't tell		
	4!'		
3	'I haven't written t	o Paul <sup>5</sup>	What about
	you?' 'I've 6	written f	ive times!'

3 Write the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives.

Example: This is the *most exciting* (exciting) book I've ever read. I can't stop reading it!

1	Sarah works	(hard) than Michael.	He has
	too many breaks!		

- 2 Harry's \_\_\_\_\_ (friendly) person I know. He talks to everybody!
- \_\_ (big) country in the world.
- 4 It was \_\_\_\_\_ (bad) dream I've ever had. I was really frightened.
- 5 Peter is \_\_\_\_ \_ (generous) than Joe – he always pays for the drinks!
- 6 His trainers were \_\_ (expensive) than mine. I got mine in the sale.

Grammar total	20

## VOCABULARY

4 Write the words.

belt top shorts T-shirt hat boots pyjamas cap shoes













5







8

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct words.

Example: I always make my bed in the morning. do make put

1 My brother \_\_\_\_\_ the dog for a walk at six o'clock every morning.

takes leaves has

2 Don't \_\_\_\_\_ the channel. I'm watching that! turn move change

3 I usually drive to work because it \_\_\_\_\_ time. gives makes saves

4 Please don't \_\_\_\_\_\_ your bag in the middle of the floor.

leave pick find

5 She\_ \_\_\_\_ off her boots and walked into the living room.

put tried took

6 I'm not \_\_\_\_\_ the washing up again! It's your turn.

making doing cleaning

6 Write the opposite.

Example: boring interesting

1 crowded \_\_\_\_\_

2 possible \_\_

3 polluted \_\_\_\_\_

4 dangerous \_\_\_\_\_

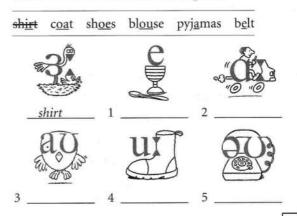
5 near \_

6 healthy \_

Vocabulary total

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Write the words in the correct place.



**8** Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: polluted

1 argument

2 comfortable

3 already

4 especially

5 impossible

Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total



#### GRAMMAR

1 2 3 Winad	you?' 'I've 'I've ' week.' 'Don't tell ' 'I've ' 'I've ' one?' 'No thanks today!' 'Have you finishe	already writt seen this film me the endin made a sand I've 4ed that book 5 read the last	page. I finished it to
2 3 Wi	week.' 'Don't tell  2!'  'I've 3 one?' 'No thanks today!'  'Have you finishe 'I've 6 minutes ago!'	me the endin  made a sand  I've 4  ed that book 5  read the last	g! I haven't seen it wich. Would you lii had lots to eat ' page. I finished it to
2 3 Wi	'I've 3 one?' 'No thanks today!' 'Have you finished 'I've 6 minutes ago!'	ed that book 5 read the last	had lots to eat  ?' page. I finished it to
3 Wi	one?' 'No thanks today!' 'Have you finished' 'I've 6 minutes ago!'	ed that book 5 read the last	had lots to eat  ?' page. I finished it to
3 Wi ad	today!' 'Have you finished'I've 6 minutes ago!'	ed that book <sup>5</sup> read the last	?' page. I finished it to
Wı ad	'I've 6 minutes ago!'	read the last	page. I finished it to
Wı ad	minutes ago!'		
Wi ad	rite the compara	ative or supe	-lesi fell-
ad		ative or supe	
ad		tive or supe	-1 - 6' C C +1
EX	ample It was the	warst (bad) d	
		<i>worst</i> (bad) d y frightened.	ream I've ever had.
	Her shoes were _ I got mine in the		rpensive) than mine
2	John's to everybody!	_ (friendly) p	erson I know. He ta
			ard) than Tom. He l
	too many breaks!		
4	This is the I can't stop readi	(excitin	g) book I've ever re
5	Russia is	(big) cou	ntry in the world.
6	Denis is	(generous	) than Patrick – he
	always pays for th	ne drinks!	

3 Complete the e-mail with the verbs in the present perfect or past simple.

	(just / read) your e-mail. I	
ALOUGH MODEL AND LODGE	e the weekend. You 1	(be) really busy
this week!		
	(you / book) your holiday	yet? In April, I
	(go) to The States with my	family again. We
	(be) there three times now	v! But this time, we
5	(not stay) with my aunt in	Boston. Instead, we
	(drive) around to different	places. Then in August,
Brad and 17	(travel) around	Greece. 8
(you / ever /	be) to the Parthenon? It's a	fantastic place.
Write soon!		
Melanie		

#### **VOCABULARY**

**4** Complete the sentences with the correct words.

Example: Please don't leave your bag in the middle of the floor.

leave pick find

1 I'm not \_\_\_\_\_ the washing up again! It's your

cleaning making doing

2 She \_\_\_\_\_ off her boots and walked into the living room.

put took tried

3 My dad \_\_\_\_\_ the dog for a walk every evening. takes has leaves

4 I always \_\_\_\_\_ my bed in the morning.

do put make

5 I usually drive to work because it \_\_\_\_\_ time. saves gives makes

6 Don't \_\_\_\_\_ the channel. I'm watching that! turn move change

29

## 5 Write the opposite.

Example: dangerous safe

- 1 healthy \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 near \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 crowded \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 boring \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 polluted \_\_
- 6 possible \_\_\_\_\_

6

## 6 Write the words.

pyjamas belt top shorts T-shirt hat boots shoes



<u>pyjamas</u>





Vocabulary total

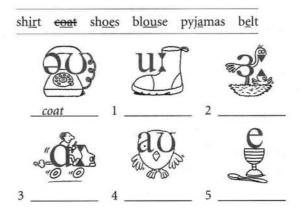
#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: beautiful

- 1 impossible
- 2 already
- 3 comfortable
- 4 argument
- 5 especially

8 Write the words in the correct place.



5 Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

#### READING

1 Read the article and tick  $(\checkmark)$  A, B, or C.

# The best shopping cities

Which are the best cities to shop in? Writer, Ellie Clare, has been to five cities around the world to find out. This week, she writes about Paris.

I went to Paris in June. It's a lovely city for sightseeing at that time of year, but it's also a great place to find high-quality fashion. I started in the boutiques and visited all the top names, including Cartier, Chanel, Christian Dior, and Yves Saint Laurent. I've never seen such beautiful things, but they are, of course, expensive. I bought some perfume and moved on to the huge department stores of Paris. Two of the most famous are Printemps and Galeries Lafayette and they are definitely good places to visit. One place I found disappointing was The Champs-Elysées. In the old days, it was a great place for fashion, but now there are too many fast-food restaurants, banks, airline offices, shopping centres, and cinemas aimed at tourists. Don't waste your time there!

After the shops, I tried the markets. One of the most famous places to find treasures in Paris is the flea market. There are three main flea markets and they are situated around the old gates of the city. I spent hours walking around these fascinating places and while I was there, I discovered the meaning of the name flea market. Hundreds of years ago, the royal family gave away their old clothes, but they were full of little insects - fleas, of course! One stall holder told me that the best time to find treasures at the market is before the crowds arrive, usually between 5 a.m. and 6 a.m. But that was a bit early for me. I was enjoying Paris night life too much! There are also open-air markets all around the city where you can buy flowers, clothes, pets, food, and many other things. And if you want to buy a book, visit the rows of bookstalls along the River Seine. You can find some great bargains there, or you can spend hours just looking.

If you want to buy half of Paris or if you just want to walk around and look, you'll love the experience. Paris is a great place to shop!

E	xample: This is the first article in the series.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
1	Ellie went sightseeing in Paris.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
2	She didn't buy anything in the boutiques.

	_	
A True	B False	C Doesn't say

3	
1.7-6	She went to some department stores in the city.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
4	She recommends the department stores.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
5	She thinks the Champs-Elysées isn't as good as it was
	A True B False C Doesn't say
6	She had something to eat on the Champs-Elysées.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
7	She bought something near the old gates of the city.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
8	You can buy flowers at the flea market.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
9	Ellie visited the flea markets early in the morning.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
10	It's possible to spend a lot of time looking at books.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	A TILLE D FAISE C DOESH I SAV
	A fine B Paise C Doesn't say
n	10
	ead the text again and answer the questions.
Re 1	10
	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in
1	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in June?
1	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in
2	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in June?  Why didn't Ellie buy more things in the boutiques?
2	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in June?
2	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in June?  Why didn't Ellie buy more things in the boutiques?  What could you find at the Champs-Elysées before?
2	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in June?  Why didn't Ellie buy more things in the boutiques?
1 2 3	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in June?  Why didn't Ellie buy more things in the boutiques?  What could you find at the Champs-Elysées before?  Why is it a good idea to visit the flea markets early?
2 3 4	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in June?  Why didn't Ellie buy more things in the boutiques?  What could you find at the Champs-Elysées before?
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1 2 3	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in June?  Why didn't Ellie buy more things in the boutiques?  What could you find at the Champs-Elysées before?  Why is it a good idea to visit the flea markets early?  What did Ellie do in the evenings?
1 2 3	ead the text again and answer the questions.  What two things does Ellie like most about Paris in June?  Why didn't Ellie buy more things in the boutiques?  What could you find at the Champs-Elysées before?  Why is it a good idea to visit the flea markets early?

Describe a place you have visited. Answer the questions.

- 1 Where is it?
- 2 How often have you been there?
- 3 What can you see there?
- 4 What can you do there?
- 5 What are the best / worst things about the place?

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#### READING

1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

# The best shopping cities

Which are the best cities to shop in? Writer, Ellie Clare, has been to five cities around the world to find out. This week, she writes about Paris.

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After the shops, I tried the markets. One of the most famous places to find treasures in Paris is the flea market. There are three main flea markets and they are situated around the old gates of the city. I spent hours walking around these fascinating places and while I was there, I discovered the meaning of the name flea market. Hundreds of years ago, the royal family gave away their old clothes, but they were full of little insects - fleas, of course! One stall holder told me that the best time to find treasures at the market is before the crowds arrive, usually between 5 a.m. and 6 a.m. But that was a bit early for me. I was enjoying Paris night life too much! There are also open-air markets all around the city where you can buy flowers, clothes, pets, food, and many other things. And if you want to buy a book, visit the rows of bookstalls along the River Seine. You can find some great bargains there, or you can spend hours just looking.

If you want to buy half of Paris or if you just want to walk around and look, you'll love the experience. Paris is a great place to shop!

E	xample: This is the first article in the series.				
	A True B False C Doesn't say				
1	Ellie didn't go sightseeing.				
	A True B False C Doesn't say				
2	She bought one item from a boutique.				

A True B False C Doesn't say

3	She didn't visit any of the department stores in the city.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
4	She mentions two department stores.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
5	She thinks the Champs-Elysées has improved.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
6	You can have a meal on the Champs-Elysées.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
7	Ellie spent most of her time at the flea markets.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
8	A long time ago, kings and queens sold their old clothes in flea markets.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
9	Ellie visited the flea markets in the afternoon.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
10	The book stalls by the river are very expensive.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	10
2 F	Read the text again and answer the questions.
	What does Ellie think is a good thing to do in June?
2	Where did she start shopping?
3	How did Ellie feel about the Champs-Elysées?
4	Where did Ellie find the flea markets?
5	Why didn't she start shopping early in the mornings?
	5
	Reading total 15

#### WRITING

Describe a place you have visited. Answer the questions.

- 1 Where is it?
- 2 When did you go there?
- 3 What can you do there?
- 4 What can you see there?
- 5 What are the best / worst things about the place?

10

# Listening and Speaking

# Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

You will hear a person interviewing people about the shop Zara. Cross out the wrong information. Write the correct information.

- 1 Speaker 1 has been to a Zara store three times.
- 2 Speaker 1 recently bought a white sweater.
- 3 Speaker 2 visited a Zara store last month.
- 4 Speaker 2 bought some trousers.
- 5 Speaker 3's girlfriend bought lots of things.

Listening total	10
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Speaking total

Listening and Speaking total

#### LISTENING

You will hear a person interviewing people about the shop Zara. Cross out the wrong information. Write the correct information.

- 1 Speaker 1 went to a Zara store a few months ago.
- 2 Speaker 1 doesn't like the style of her jacket.
- 3 Speaker 2 last went to a Zara store on a Sunday.
- 4 Speaker 2 bought a belt.
- 5 Speaker 3 bought a pair of shoes.

Listening total	10

Speaking total

Listening and Speaking total

# SPEAKING

# Student A

- 1 Ask your partner about cities.
  - 1 What's your favourite city? Why?
    - 2 Which city would you most like to visit? Why?
    - 3 Have you ever been on a day trip to a big city? What did you do?
  - 4 Have you ever been on a weekend trip abroad? Where? What did you do?
  - 5 Have you ever been shopping in a foreign city? What did you buy?
- 2 Look at the list of Mary's jobs for the day. Answer your partner's questions. Use already and yet.

#### Things to do today

- Make bed ✓
- Clean kitchen floor X
- Do washing up X
- Finish English homework X
- Phone mum ✓
- 3 Has Jack done his jobs for the day? Ask your partner these questions.
  - tidy / room?
- fix / computer?
- take / dog / for a walk?
- make / lunch?
- e-mail / brother?

#### SPEAKING

# Student B

- 1 Ask your partner about cities.
  - 1 What was the last city you went to? What did you do?
  - 2 Would you like to visit New York? Why (not)?
  - 3 Have you been sightseeing in a big city on your own? What did you see?
  - 4 Have you ever spent a whole holiday in a city? Where? What did you enjoy most?
  - 5 Have you ever been on a shopping trip in a foreign city? What was it like?
- 2 Has Mary done her jobs for the day? Ask your partner these questions.
  - make / bed?
- clean / kitchen floor?
- do / washing up?
- finish / English homework?
- phone / mum?
- 3 Look at the list of Jack's jobs for the day. Answer your partner's questions. Use already and yet.

#### Things to do today

- Tidy room X
- Fix computer X
- Take dog for walk X
- Make lunch 🗸
- E-mail brother ✓

## GRAMMAR

GI	RAMMAR	<b>3</b> Complete the sentences with the correct preposition. Use each word once.
1	Complete the sentences with the verbs in the -ing form or infinitive.	along in over through into of around
	Example: She left without <i>closing</i> (close) the door.  1 I love (walk) in the rain.  2 Try not (spend) too much money.  3 I need (buy) some new shoes.  4 (swim) is very good for you.  5 I sent Tom an e-mail because I wanted (tell) him about the party.  6 It isn't easy (learn) a language.  7 He's very good at (talk) to new people.  8 I don't really like (dance).	Example: He walked out of the house and never came back.  1 Go the bridge and take the first turning on the left.  2 She came the living room and sat down.  3 You can't drive the Channel Tunnel, you have to take your car on the train.  4 They walked the street until they found a good restaurant.  5 Come! It's lovely to see you.  6 We went for a long walk the lake.
2	Underline the correct form.	Grammar total 20
	Example: You must / don't have to tidy your room.  It's a mess.  1 You don't have to / mustn't swim there.  It's dangerous.  2 I have to / don't have to do my homework.  It's Saturday.  3 She must / mustn't practise the piano tonight.  She's not very good.	VOCABULARY  4 Complete the sentences with the correct word.  Example: Do you enjoy reading?  enjoy want think  1 Mike's in fishing.
	<ul> <li>4 They have to / don't have to be home early. They're very young.</li> <li>5 We mustn't / don't have to buy tickets – entrance is free.</li> </ul>	interested excited happy  2 She a lot of time watching TV.  has spends does
	6 You can't / must go to the party. It's too late.	3 I'd to go out this evening.  mind think like  4 I've talking to him.  done stopped dreamed  5 He doesn't driving.  want mind good  6 I'm of studying law.  hoping thinking spending  7 We going to the beach.  need love want
		8 I to go to the supermarket.

need mind think

5 <u>Underline</u> the	correct word	(s)	
------------------------	--------------	-----	--

Example: I find English a bit / very difficult.

- 1 This exercise is not very / incredibly hard. We can't do it!
- 2 Of couse I can ride a bike, it's not very / really easy.
- 3 This question is bit / quite complicated.
- 4 I'm not very / a bit worried about the exam. I've done a lot of work.
- 5 He's a bit / really motivated because he wants to get a good job.
- 6 He's really / a bit friendly. He talks to everybody.

**6** Complete the phrases with *play*, *go*, or *do*.

Example:	: <u>play</u> football
1	skiing
2	basketball
3	karate
4	tennis
5	judo
6	cycling

	-
	115
	100
	100

Vocabulary total	20

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: difficult

- 1 decide
- 2 escape
- 3 forgotten
- 4 possible
- 5 interesting

8 Match the prepositions with the phonetics.

to	wards	across	over	into	round	through	
E	xample:	:/təˈwɔ:c	dz/	towa	rds		
1	/'mtu/						
2	/θru:/		2				
3	/ˈəʊvə	1					
4	/əˈkrɒ	s/					
5	/rauno	d/					-
						L	
					Pronun	ciation total	1
		Gramm	ar, Vocal	bulary, a	nd Pronunc	ciation total	5

#### GRAMMAR

ı	Underline	the	correct	form.	

Example: They have to / don't have to be home early. They're very young.

- 1 You can't / must go to the party. It's too late.
- 2 We mustn't / don't have to buy tickets entrance
- 3 You don't have to / mustn't swim there. It's dangerous.
- 4 You must / don't have to tidy your room. It's a mess.
- 5 I must / mustn't practise the piano tonight. I'm not very good.
- 6 I have to / don't have to do my homework. It's Saturday.

2	Complete the sentences with the correct
	preposition. Use each word once.

to take your car on the train.

around	along	in	over	through	into	of
Example			ed <i>alon</i> taurant	g the stree	t until	they
1 We w	ent for a	a lon	g walk	the	lake.	
2 Com	e	! It's	lovely	to see you.		
3 Go _ the le		brie	dge and	d take the f	irst tur	ning
4 He w back.		ıt	th	e house an	d neve	r can
5 You o	an't driv	Te.	the	Channel	Tunnel	voi

6 She came \_\_\_\_\_ the living room and sat down.

3	Complete the sentences with the verbs in the -in	ng
	form or infinitive.	

		ing (walk) in the rain.	
1	He's very good at	(talk) to new peo	ople.
2	I phoned Rachel bher about the par	oecause I wantedty.	(tell)
3	(swim	n) is very good for you.	
4	It isn't easy	(learn) a language.	
5	I don't really like	(dance).	
6	I need	(buy) some new clothes.	
7	She left without _	(close) the door.	
8	Try not	_ (spend) too much money.	
			8
		Grammar total	20

#### VOCABULARY

4 <u>Underline</u> the correct word(s).

Example: I'm not very / a bit worried about the exam. I've done a lot of work.

- 1 Yukio's really / a bit friendly. She talks to everybody.
- 2 He's a bit / really motivated because he wants to get a good job.
- 3 This exercise is not very / incredibly hard. We can't
- 4 I find listening exercises a bit / very difficult.
- 5 This question is bit / quite complicated.
- 6 Of couse I can ride a bike, it's not very / really easy.

5 Complete the phrases with play, go, or do.

Example: play tennis 1 \_\_\_\_\_ cycling 2 \_\_\_\_\_judo 3 \_\_\_\_\_ skiing 4 \_\_\_\_\_football karate \_\_\_ basketball

# Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

5	C	omplete the sentences with the correct word.	
	Ex	xample: I've <u>stopped</u> talking to him. done stopped dreamed	
	1	We going to the beach.	
		love need want	
	2	He doesn't driving.	
		good want mind	
	3	Jerry's in history.	
		excited interested happy	
	4	My brother's of studying law.	
		thinking spending hoping	
	5	I to go to the supermarket.	
		mind think need	
	6	I'd to go out this weekend.	
		like mind think	
	7	Do you reading?	
		want think enjoy	
	8	Petra a lot of time watching TV.	
		does spends has	

Vocabulary total

PRONUNCIATION	P	R	0	N	U	N	C	IAT	TIC	1
---------------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	-----	-----	---

7	Match	the	prepositions	with	the	phonetics.
-			brah corrector			L

across o	ver	into	round	through	towards
Example:	/əˈk	ros/	a	cross	
1 /raund	/				
2 /ˈəʊvə/					
3 /θru:/					
4 /təˈwɔ:	dz/				
5 /'mtu/					

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: pretend

- 1 interesting
- 2 forgotten
- 3 escape
- 4 decide
- 5 possible

100	5

Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

## READING

1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

How many ways are there to learn a language?
Do you want to learn a language? We interviewed three people who learned a language in very different ways.
June is 36 and a mother of two. She went to evening classes. 'I gave up working when I had my first child, but a year ago I joined a French evening class. At first, it was quite difficult. We had to speak French all the time in the classroom and I didn't understand anything. Also, when you only have one lesson a week, you have to do a lot at home. I studied when the children were in bed and I listened to French tapes in the car. At the end of the year I could speak French quite well.'
Tim is 23. He went to Italy to learn Italian.  'When I finished university, I wanted to travel and learn a language. I already knew a bit of Italian, so I decided to go there. I didn't want to do formal lessons, so I bought some tapes and listened to them before I went. I travelled around the country for six months. It's the only way to learn! I didn't have much money, so I worked in bars. That meant I met a lot of people and learned a lot of Italian. I also had a great time. I'd definitely recommend it.'
Sasha is 29. She did an intensive course in London. 'I studied French and Spanish at university and got a job with computers. I missed learning a language, so I asked my boss for a month's holiday and enrolled on an intensive German course in London. We did six hours of lessons every day, so it was quite hard work. We all communicated in German. The problem was when I went home, I spoke English again. The course was fun and I learned a lot, but I'd like to do a course in Germany next time.'

Example: When June's first child was born she	
A worked in the evenings	
B continued working $\square$ C stopped working $\checkmark$	
1 June found learning a language	
A easy B boring C hard C	
2 She did a French class	
A once a week B every evening D	
C during the day	
3 She did extra studying when she was	
A looking after the children B driving	
C in bed	
4 Tim went to Italy because he	
A could speak Italian very well	
B knew some Italian	
C studied Italian at university	
5 Before he went, he	
A took some lessons  B practised at home	
C bought a home-study book	

	6	When he was travelling he,
		A met a lot of English people B spent a lot
		of money C spoke a lot of Italian
	7	Sasha learned German
		A at work B in Germany
		C at a language school
	8	When she was in class, Sasha spoke
		A a lot of English B German all the time
		C in different languages
		8
2	W	Trite J for June, T for Tim, or S for Sasha.
	E	xample: Who is planning a trip abroad? S
	1	studied for a year?
	2	has a job?
	3	can now speak three languages?
	4	didn't take any lessons?
	5	couldn't understand anything at first?
	6	had lessons all day?
	7	thinks it's a very good way to learn a language?
		Reading total 15
		1 - A STATE OF THE

## WRITING

Read the advert and write a formal e-mail telling the language school what course you'd like to do.

# The English School – Brighton

Learn English by the sea in Brighton.

We do one-week, two-week, and six-week courses with accommodation - in flats or with an English family

> We organize trips to London and Oxford E-mail us to find out more.

# Paragraph 1

- Why are you writing?
- How old are you?
- Who are you?
- Where are you from?

# Paragraph 2

- What's your level of English?
- How long do you want to study?
- Where do you want to stay?

## Paragraph 3

• What other information would you like?

10

25

Reading and Writing total

# **Reading and Writing**

#### READING

1 Read the article and tick (✓) A. B. or C.

read the truete that tiek (* ) 11, b, or o.
How many ways are there to learn a language?
Do you want to learn a language? We interviewed three people who learned a language in very different ways.
June is 36 and a mother of two. She went to evening classes. 'I gave up working when I had my first child, but a year ago I joined a French evening class. At first, it was quite difficult. We had to speak French all the time in the classroom and I didn't understand anything. Also, when you only have one lesson a week, you have to do a lot at home. I studied when the children were in bed and I listened to French tapes in the car. At the end of the year I could speak French quite well.'
Tim is 23. He went to Italy to learn Italian.  'When I finished university, I wanted to travel and learn a language. I already knew a bit of Italian, so I decided to go there. I didn't want to do formal lessons, so I bought some tapes and listened to them before I went. I travelled around the country for six months. It's the only way to learn! I didn't have much money, so I worked in bars. That meant I met a lot of people and learned a lot of Italian. I also had a great time. I'd definitely recommend it.'
Sasha is 29. She did an intensive course in London. 'I studied French and Spanish at university and got a job with computers. I missed learning a language, so I asked my boss for a month's holiday and enrolled on an intensive German course in London. We did six hours of lessons every day, so it was quite hard work. We all communicated in German. The problem was when I went home, I spoke English again. The course was fun and I learned a lot, but I'd like to do a course in Germany next time.'

E	sample: When June's first child was born she
A	worked in the evenings
В	continued working C stopped working
1	June didn't find learning a language
	A interesting   B difficult   C easy
2	She had a class
	A every evening B one night a week
	C every day
3	She usually studied
	A in the evenings
	B when the children were resting in the day $\square$
	C when the children were at school $\square$
4	Tim went to Italy because he
	A knew the country well B wanted to do a
	course there C spoke some of the language
5	Before he went he
	A practised at home
	B didn't study at all C had some lessons

0	While he was in Italy he,
	A spent a lot of money B spoke a lot of
	Italian C met some English people C
7	Sasha wanted to learn a new language because she
	A enjoyed travelling  B liked learning
	languages C wanted to please her boss
8	While she was learning German, Sasha spoke
	A English all the time B German all day
	C English in the mornings
W	rite J for June, T for Tim, or S for Sasha.
E	xample: Who Didn't take any lessons? T
1	can now speak more than one language?
2	had lessons once a week?
3	got a job for a short time?
4	thinks it's a very good to learn a language?
5	wants to learn more?
6	had lessons every day?
7	had problems at first?
	Reading total 15
	7 8 W Ez 1 2 3 4 5

# WRITING

Read the advert and write a formal e-mail telling the language school what course you'd like to do.

# The English School – Oxford

Learn English in Oxford.

We do one-week, four-week, and eight-week courses with accommodation - in flats or with an English family

We organize trips to Stratford-upon-Avon

E-mail us to find out more.

# Paragraph 1

- Why are you writing?
- How old are you?
- Who are you?
- Where are you from?

# Paragraph 2

- What's your level of English?
- How long do you want to study?
- Where do you want to stay?

## Paragraph 3

What other information would you like?

10

Reading and Writing total

# Listening and Speaking

## LISTENING

Listen to five conversations. Write the letter (A–E) next to each conversation.

conversation	situation
conversation 1	A Somebody explains what they want.
conversation 2	B Somebody wants advice about their appearance.
conversation 3	C Somebody complains about their job.
conversation 4	D Somebody plays a game.
conversation 5	E Somebody has a health problem.

	Listening total	10
	Speaking total	15
Listening	and Speaking total	25

Transaction and T

# LISTENING

Listen to five conversations. Write the letter (A–E) next to each conversation.

conversation	situation
conversation 1	A Somebody makes a wrong guess.
conversation 2	B Somebody wants advice about their health.
conversation 3	C Somebody doesn't want to fly.
conversation 4	D Somebody is worried about the way they look.
conversation 5	E Somebody talks about the difficulties in their job.
	Listening total 10
	Speaking total 15
	Listening and Speaking total 25

# SPEAKING

# Student A

- 1 Ask your partner about learning English.
  - 1 Do you enjoy learning English? Why (not)?
  - 2 Why are you learning English?
  - 3 Do you find it more difficult to speak or to write English?
  - 4 Do you think it's possible to learn more than one language at the same time? Why (not)?
  - 5 Would you like to learn another language? Which one?
- 2 Read the information and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Susan James

Likes: go / to cinema

Hates: be / in smoky places

Loves: walk / in countryside at weekend

Doesn't like: talk / to new people

Doesn't always remember: send / cards on birthdays

- **3** Find out about Sam. Ask your partner these questions.
  - like / do?
  - hate / do?
  - love / do / at weekend?
  - not like / do?
  - not always remember / do?

# SPEAKING

# Student B

- 1 Ask your partner about learning English.
  - 1 Do you think learning languages is important? Why?
  - 2 What are you going to use your English for?
  - 3 Do you find it more difficult to understand or to speak English?
  - 4 Do you think it's possible to learn a language in a year? How?
  - 5 Would you like to live in a different country and learn their language? Where would you go? Why?
- 2 Find out about Susan. Ask your partner these questions.
  - like / do?
  - hate / do?
  - love / do / at weekend?
  - not like / do?
  - not always remember / do?
- 3 Read the information about Sam and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Sam Waters

Likes: talk / with friends

Hates: do / housework

Loves: sit / outside cafés at weekend

Doesn't like: get up / early

Doesn't always remember. clean / bath

1 Underline the correct word(s).

# Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

## GRAMMAR

suit.	uy a new
1 If we get / got a taxi, we'll arrive on time.	i i

- 2 If I won the lottery, I'll / 'd buy you a car.
- 3 If we don't / didn't leave now, we'll be late.
- 4 She'll pass the exam if she works / worked harder.
- Will / Would you learn a language if you had more time?
- 6 If they had more money they can / could go on holiday.
- 7 If I was / were you, I'd stop smoking.
- 8 I won't / wouldn't scream if I saw a ghost.

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of

th	e verbs.	
Ex	cample: If he rings me, I' <u>ll be</u> (be)	) very happy.
1	If I didn't like you, I	(not speak) to you.
2	I'd travel around the world if I young children.	(not have)
3	We (not go) to the bad.	peach if the weather's
4	If Billy were here, heparty.	_ (take) you to the
5	She (stay) in tonigh tomorrow.	t if she has a test
6	If I was rich, I (give charity.	) a lot of money to

3	Complete	the dia	logue v	with n	night,	should,	or
	shouldn't.						

Ben	What are you going to do when you finish university?
Anna	I might live abroad for a year. I'm not sure yet.
Ben	Which country?
Anna	I haven't decided yet, but I 1 go to Spain.
Ben	Yes, you <sup>2</sup> definitely go to Spain! It's a really nice country.
Anna	Yeah, but I can't speak Spanish.
Ben	You <sup>3</sup> worry about that. You'll soon learn.
Anna	But I'd like to learn some Spanish before I go.
Ben	You <sup>4</sup> have lessons then.
Anna	Yeah, but lessons <sup>5</sup> be expensive.
Ben	Well, I think you <sup>6</sup> go. You'll have a great time and I can visit you!
	Grammar total 20

## **VOCABULARY**

4 <u>Underline</u> the correct word(s).

Example: Are you going to wear / carry your new jeans tonight?

- 1 I've made / done a chocolate cake for Megan's birthday.
- 2 She's so pretty. She looks / looks like her mother!
- 3 I never borrow / lend people my books.
- 4 He's a famous actor. He earns / wins a lot of money.
- Yesterday I met / knew my cousin from Australia for the first time.
- 6 I hate waiting / hoping for buses in the rain.



5 Underline the odd word out.

Example: duck eagle swan sheep

- 1 shark dolphin lion whale
- 2 horse giraffe pig chicken
- 3 mosquito bull butterfly wasp
- 4 gorilla tiger rabbit elephant
- 5 swan cow fly mice
- 6 eagle bear camel goat

# 6 Write phrases with get.





2









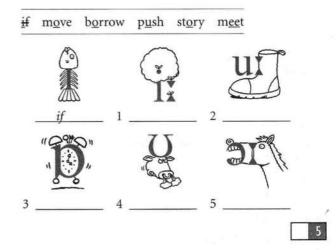




Vocabulary total

# **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Write the words in the correct place.



8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: happen

- 1 information
- 2 crocodile
- conclude
- aspirin
- 5 translation



Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

#### GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs.

Example: If Dad were here, he'd take (take) you to the station.

- 1 If I was rich, I \_\_\_\_\_ (give) a lot of money to my family.
- \_\_\_\_ (stay) in tonight if she has a test She tomorrow.
- 3 If I didn't like her, I \_\_\_\_\_ (not speak) to her.
- 4 If he rings me, I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) very happy.
- 5 We \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) to the beach if it's cold.
- 6 I'd travel around the world if I \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) young children. 6

**2** Complete the dialogue with *might*, *should*, or shouldn't.

Katie What are you going to do when you finish

university?

George I might live abroad for a year. I'm not sure yet.

Katie Which country?

George I haven't decided yet, but I 1 \_\_\_\_\_ go

to Italy.

Katie definitely go to Italy! Yes, you 2

It's a really nice country.

George Yeah, but I can't speak Italian.

\_\_\_\_\_ worry about that. You'll Katie

soon learn.

George But I'd like to learn some Italian before I go.

You 4 \_\_\_\_\_ have lessons then. Katie

Yeah, but lessons 5 \_\_\_\_\_ be expensive. George

Well I think you 6 \_\_\_\_\_ go. You'll have Katie

a great time and I can visit you!

3 <u>Underline</u> the correct word(s).

Example: She'll pass the exam if she works / worked harder.

- 1 If I was / were you, I'd stop smoking.
- Will / Would you go to the gym if you had more
- 3 If we get / got a taxi, we'll arrive on time.
- 4 If they had more money they can / could go on holiday.
- 5 I won't / wouldn't scream if I saw a ghost.
- 6 If we don't / didn't leave now, we'll be late.
- 7 If I get an interview, I'll / would buy everyone a drink.
- 8 If I won the lottery, I'll / 'd buy a new house.

8

Grammar total

20

#### VOCABULARY

4 Underline the odd word out.

Example: gorilla tiger <u>rabbit</u> elephant

- 1 eagle bear camel goat
- 2 swan cow fly mice
- 3 shark dolphin lion whale
- 4 duck eagle swan sheep
- 5 mosquito bull butterfly wasp
- 6 horse giraffe pig chicken

6

# 5 Write phrases with get.



get angry

















# **6** <u>Underline</u> the correct word(s).

Example: He's a famous actor. He earns / wins a lot of money.

- 1 I hate waiting / hoping for buses in the rain.
- Yesterday I met / knew my aunt from America for the first time.
- 3 I've made / done a lovely cake for my son's birthday.
- Are you going to wear / carry your new dress tomorrow?
- 5 I never borrow / lend people money.
- She's so pretty. She looks / looks like her mother!

Vocabulary total 20

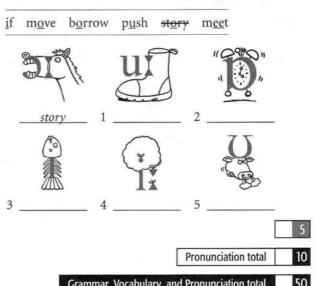
# **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: decision

- 1 translation
- conclude
- crocodile
- information
- aspirin 5

8 Write the words in the correct place.



# **Reading and Writing**

#### READING

1 Read the article and tick  $(\checkmark)$  A, B, or C.

Mountain	Gorill	as

Alison Hammond is writing a series of articles about animals in danger for Nature Magazine. This week, she tells us about mountain gorillas.

What would you do if you saw a mountain gorilla? Most people would probably be very afraid and run away! That's because gorillas have a very frightening appearance. Firstly, gorillas are huge. They can grow up to 2 metres tall and can weigh more than 200 kilograms (male gorillas weigh twice as much as female gorillas). Secondly, gorillas can make a lot of noise. They can roar, bang their chests, and show their teeth. In fact, these aggressive displays are very rare and male gorillas only do it when they are protecting their families.

The truth is, gorillas are incredibly intelligent, gentle, and social animals that stay together in small family groups. The leader is the largest male, called the silverback. That's because of the beautiful silver fur on its back. They spend almost all of their time on the forest floor, eating and sleeping. They are mainly vegetarian, although they eat some insects. Young gorillas often play together. They run around and climb trees. At night, the animals make a nest to sleep in. The lighter gorillas nest in trees. The heavier gorillas make nests on the ground and the babies sleep with their mothers. Gorillas rarely attack humans. They only fight when something or someone attacks them or their young. In that situation, they will fight to the death. Hunters looking for baby gorillas may have to kill a whole family to get what they want.

Sadly, there are fewer than 650 mountain gorillas left in the wild, which means they are an endangered species. These gorillas only live in the mountain jungles of Zaire, Rwanda, and Uganda. They are endangered because people hunt them for food and for trophies. They are also threatened by war, and humans cut down their forests for farmland, fuel, and housing. Life for these gentle giants isn't peaceful.

Example: The writer would run away if she saw a gorilla. A True B False C Doesn't say 1 Male gorillas weigh more than female gorillas. A True B False C Doesn't say 2 Gorillas often make a lot of noise. A True B False C Doesn't say 3 Other male gorillas often fight the leader. B False A True C Doesn't say 4 Gorillas only eat plants. A True B False C Doesn't say

	Gorillas all sl	1 0	
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
	Gorillas only	fight if someon	e tries to hurt them.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
	They always	run away from h	nunters.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
	There are a lo	ot of mountain §	gorillas in zoos.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
	Mountain go wild.	rillas only live i	n three places in the
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
	People are de	estroying their h	ome.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
e			er the questions.
2	For what two		ople afraid of gorillas
	For what two	rillas usually agg	ople afraid of gorillas
2	When are go:	rillas usually agg	ople afraid of gorillas gressive?
	When are go: Why are som Why do hunt	rillas usually agg	ople afraid of gorillas gressive? called silverbacks?
2	When are god Why are som Why do hund	rillas usually agg	ople afraid of gorillas gressive? called silverbacks?
	When are god Why are som Why do hund	rillas usually agg	ople afraid of gorillas gressive? called silverbacks?

You're going to visit your penfriend's country. Write an e-mail telling him / her your plans and asking for advice. Include the following information:

## Paragraph one

Explain the reason for your e-mail.

## Paragraph two

Ask for advice - best time of year / places to visit / best way to travel about.

#### Paragraph three

Explain any plans you already have, e.g. the main place you'll visit.

Reading and Writing total

# **Reading and Writing**

#### READING

1 Read the article and tick  $(\checkmark)$  A, B, or C.

# Mountain Gorillas

Alison Hammond is writing a series of articles about animals in danger for Nature Magazine. This week, she tells us about mountain gorillas.

What would you do if you saw a mountain gorilla? Most people would probably be very afraid and run away! That's because gorillas have a very frightening appearance. Firstly, gorillas are huge. They can grow up to 2 metres tall and can weigh more than 200 kilograms (male gorillas weigh twice as much as female gorillas). Secondly, gorillas can make a lot of noise. They can roar, bang their chests, and show their teeth. In fact, these aggressive displays are very rare and male gorillas only do it when they are protecting their families.

The truth is, gorillas are incredibly intelligent, gentle, and social animals that stay together in small family groups. The leader is the largest male, called the silverback. That's because of the beautiful silver fur on its back. They spend almost all of their time on the forest floor, eating and sleeping. They are mainly vegetarian, although they eat some insects. Young gorillas often play together. They run around and climb trees. At night, the animals make a nest to sleep in. The lighter gorillas nest in trees. The heavier gorillas make nests on the ground and the babies sleep with their mothers. Gorillas rarely attack humans. They only fight when something or someone attacks them or their young. In that situation, they will fight to the death. Hunters looking for baby gorillas may have to kill a whole family to get what they want.

Sadly, there are fewer than 650 mountain gorillas left in the wild, which means they are an endangered species. These gorillas only live in the mountain jungles of Zaire, Rwanda, and Uganda. They are endangered because people hunt them for food and for trophies. They are also threatened by war, and humans cut down their forests for farmland, fuel, and housing. Life for these gentle giants isn't peaceful.

Example: The writer would run away if she saw a gorilla. A True B False C Doesn't say 1 Female gorillas weigh more than male gorillas. A True B False C Doesn't say 2 Gorillas never make a lot of noise. A True B False C Doesn't say 3 There is only one leader in a group. A True B False C Doesn't say 4 Gorillas are completely vegetarian.

B False

C Doesn't say

5	Gorillas some	etimes sleep in t	rees.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
6	Gorillas ofter	n fight each othe	er.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
7	They never fi	ght hunters.	
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
8	There aren't a	any mountain go	orillas in zoos.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
9		y three places w rillas in the wild	here you can find l.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
10	People usuall live.	y don't touch th	e forests where gorillas
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
2 R		reasons would	er the questions. most people run away
2	When do gor	illas usually atta	ick people?
3	What do silve	erbacks look like	?
4	What will hap babies?	ppen if a hunter	tries to take their
5	What do peo	ple want to do w	vith the forests?
			5
			Reading total 15

## WRITING

You're going to visit your penfriend's country. Write an e-mail telling him / her your plans and asking for advice. Include the following information:

#### Paragraph one

Explain the reason for your e-mail.

#### Paragraph two

Ask for advice – best time of year / places to visit / best way to travel about.

# Paragraph three

Explain any plans you already have, e.g. the main place you'll visit.

Reading and Writing total



A True

## LISTENING

Listen to the interview with a survival expert. Cross out the wrong information. Write the correct information.

- 1 A crocodile will attack you in the water and then take you onto land.
- 2 It's impossible to survive an attack by a crocodile.
- 3 Bears can't run as fast as humans.
- 4 If a bear attacks you, you should make a lot of noise.
- 5 Bulls see colour and movement.

Listening total

Speaking total

Listening and Speaking total

## LISTENING

Listen to the interview with a survival expert. Cross out the wrong information. Write the correct information.

- 1 Crocodiles usually try to pull their victims onto land.
- 2 If a crocodile attacks you, hit it on its nose or on its back.
- 3 Bears can't climb trees as well as humans.
- 4 If a bear attacks you, you should pretend to be another
- 5 If a bull runs after you, you should throw something at it.

Listening total	10

Speaking total

Listening and Speaking total

# SPEAKING

# Student A

1 Ask your partner about these situations.

What would you do if ...

- · a crocodile attacked you?
- you saw a ghost?
- your best friend told everybody else your secrets?
- you missed an important interview?
- a spaceship landed outside your home?
- 2 Listen to your partner's problems and give advice. Use these ideas with should:
  - go / gym
  - find / someone else
  - · ask / teacher
  - study / at the weekend
  - have / lessons
- 3 Tell your partner about your problems.
  - You lent your best friend a lot of money.
  - · You forgot to do your English homework.
  - It's your mum's birthday.
  - · You have to work late every day.
  - You think your best friend's girlfriend is seeing someone else.

## SPEAKING

# Student B

- 1 Ask your partner about these situations. What would you do if ...

  - a bear attacked you? you saw a snake?
  - you lost your passport on holiday?
  - you forgot your best friend's birthday?
  - You were late for an important meeting?
- **2** Tell your partner about your problems.
  - You're not very fit.
  - You're boyfriend / girlfriend has left you.
  - You don't understand your homework.
  - You've got an important exam on Monday.
  - You want to speak another language.
- 3 Listen to your partner's problems and give advice. Use these ideas with should:
  - ask for / money
  - apologize / teacher
  - buy / nice present
  - find / another job
  - tell / the truth

3 Rewrite the sentences in the present or past passive.

# Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

# GRAMMAR

1	Complete the sentences with the verbs. Use the present perfect or the past simple.	Example: Van Gogh painted this picture of sunflowers.  This picture of sunflowers was painted by Van Gogh.
	Example: I' <u>ve been</u> (be) a teacher for three years.	1 A girl from our class won the competition.
	1 How long	The competition  2 My father built this house 20 years ago.  This house  3 Pierce Brosnan plays the part of James Bond.  The part of James Bond  4 Shakespeare didn't write War and Peace!  War and Peace  5 Our school prefers modern teaching methods.  Modern teaching methods  6 Pollution harms the environment.  The environment  6  Grammar total
2	Complete the sentences with <i>used to, didn't use to,</i> or <i>Did use to.</i> Example: I <u>used to</u> go out a lot, but now I stay at home.  1 Tom live in a flat, but now he lives in a	VOCABULARY  4 Complete the sentences with the words.  dogs spiders open spaces heights flying water closed spaces
	house.  2 Sam be in the football	Example: I won't go in an aeroplane. I'm afraid of <u>flying</u> .
	team?  3 I like Anna, but now I think she's really nice.	<ol> <li>I'm terrified of I hate all their long, hairy legs.</li> <li>I never go in lifts. I hate</li> </ol>
	4 These days, I get up at 7 a.m., but I have to get up at 5.30!	3 I haven't been in a swimming pool for years. I'm frightened of
	5 They eat meat, but now they do. 6 you have long hair when you were young?	I don't really like going out of the house. I have a phobia about  I can't climb trees. I'm scared of  I don't like I'm always afraid they're going to bite me, and I hate it when they bark.

# **Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation**

5	Complete the phrases with the correct verb.	PRONUNCIATION
	Example: <u>be</u> born  1 to primary school  2 to secondary school  3 to university  4 work  5 in love  6 married  7 children  8 divorced	Write the words in the correct column.    designed   directed   used   worked     based   invented   /Id/   1   designed   2   3
	Write the names of the school subjects.  Example: I learned English and French at school. <u>foreign languages</u>	8 Under <u>line</u> the stressed syllable.  Example: re <u>tire</u>
	1 Tom was never very good at numbers.  m	1 uniform 2 divorced
	2 Mary loved reading books. I	3 separate
	3 Ben was the best at computers. t	4 science
	4 I didn't understand physics or chemistry.  s	5 children 5
	5 Hannah enjoyed learning about kings and queens. h	Pronunciation total 10  Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total 50
	6 Billy was good at football. s	

3 Complete the sentences with the verbs. Use the

present perfect or the past simple.

# **Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation**

# GRAMMAR

1	Co	omplete the sentences with used to, didn't use to	P	resent perfect of the past sample.			
	or Did use to.			Example: <u>Did</u> you <u>meet</u> (meet) any interesting people at the party last week?			
	Ex	ample: These days, I get up at 7 o'clock, but I <u>used to</u> have to get up at 5.30!	1	I (not see) my uncle since 1998.			
	1	you have long hair when	2	Claire (move) to France last year.			
		you were young?	3	How long you (live) in thi			
	2	They eat meat, but now they do.		house?			
	3	Brenda live in a flat, but now she lives in a house.	4	Brian (work) here for years – he knows everything about the job.			
	4	I stay at home, but now I go out a lot.	5	I (speak) to my boss about a pay rise			
		I like Miguel, but now I think he's really		yesterday.			
	3	nice.	6	I (know) Yolanda since I was a child.			
	6	Jordan be in the basketball	7	I (be) a journalist for two years.			
		team?	8	My mum (not study) technology at school.			
				8			
2	Re	ewrite the sentences in the present or past passive.		Grammar total 20			
	Example: Shakespeare didn't write War and Peace!		VOC	CABULARY			
		War and Peace wasn't written by Shakespeare!	4 C	Complete the phrases with the correct verb.			
	1	Pollution harms the environment.	E.	Vrampler he horn			
		The environment		example: <u>be</u> born			
	2	Our school prefers modern teaching methods.		to primary school			
		Modern teaching methods		to secondary school			
	3	A teacher from our school won the marathon.	3	to university			
	,	The marathon	4	work			
	,		5	in love			
	4	Van Gogh painted this picture of sunflowers.	6	married			
		This picture of sunflowers	7	children			
	5	Orlando Bloom plays the part of Legolas.	8	divorced			
		The part of Legolas		8			
	6	My father built this house before I was born.					
		This house					
		6					

# **Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation**

W	rite the names of the school subjects.	PF	ON
Ez	cample: I didn't understand physics or chemistry. science	7	Un
1	Billy was good at football. s		Exa
2	Hannah enjoyed learning about kings and queens.		1
	h		2
3	Tom was never very good at numbers.		3
	m		4
4	I learned English and French at school.		5
	f1		
5	Ben was the best at computers. t	8	Wr
6	Mary loved reading books. 16		des
_	omplete the sentences with the words.		
do	omplete the sentences with the words.  ogs spiders open spaces heights  ving water closed spaces		-
do	ogs spiders <del>open spaces</del> heights		(
do	ogs spiders <del>open spaces</del> heights ving water closed spaces cample: I don't really like going out of the house. I have a phobia about <u>open spaces</u> .		(
do	ogs spiders <del>open spaces</del> heights ring water closed spaces cample: I don't really like going out of the house.		(
do fly Ex	ogs spiders <del>open spaces</del> heights ring water closed spaces  cample: I don't really like going out of the house.  I have a phobia about <u>open spaces</u> .  I don't like I'm always afraid they're		
do fly	ogs spiders open spaces heights ring water closed spaces  cample: I don't really like going out of the house.  I have a phobia about open spaces.  I don't like I'm always afraid they're going to bite me, and I hate it when they bark.		(
Extra 1	ogs spiders open spaces heights ring water closed spaces  kample: I don't really like going out of the house.  I have a phobia about open spaces.  I don't like I'm always afraid they're going to bite me, and I hate it when they bark.  I can't climb trees. I'm scared of  I'm terrified of I hate all their long, hairy legs.		(
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Example 1 2 3	ogs spiders open spaces heights ring water closed spaces  rample: I don't really like going out of the house.  I have a phobia about open spaces.  I don't like I'm always afraid they're going to bite me, and I hate it when they bark.  I can't climb trees. I'm scared of  I'm terrified of I hate all their long, hairy legs.  I won't go in an aeroplane. I'm afraid of		(

# IUNCIATION

ider<u>line</u> the stressed syllable.

ample: re<u>tire</u>

- children
- separate
- divorced
- uniform
- science

rite the words in the correct column.

signed directed used worked sed invented





/id/

Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

# **Reading and Writing**

### READING

1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

# Do you have a phobia?

Are you terrified at the thought of getting on an aeroplane? Do you worry about spiders every time you go into the bathroom? Would you rather walk up 100 steps than get into a lift? If the answer is 'yes' to any of these or similar questions, you may have a phobia!

If you have a phobia, don't worry. You're not alone. It's estimated that about 10% of the world's population have a phobia about something. The fear of flying, the fear of heights, the fear of being in closed spaces or being in open spaces are some of the most common phobias people have. However, there are hundreds of other unusual phobias too, which are just as bad. Did you know that some people have a fear of clowns? Can you believe that some people are afraid of fish and that others are scared of garlic? Then there's the fear of falling in love, the fear of rain, the fear of the moon, and the fear of the stars! The list is endless.

For most people who don't have phobias, these ideas are difficult to understand. Even people with phobias usually know that there's no real danger. However, they cannot control their fears. When some people think about the object of their phobia, their heart starts beating very quickly and they find it difficult to breathe. This is a natural reaction to fear, but it can make life difficult if it happens all the time.

So if you have a phobia, what can you do about it? In some cases, you can simply avoid the situation. If you have a fear of heights, don't climb a mountain! However, in other cases, it's not so easy. What can you do if you're terrified of vegetables? Some people try relaxation techniques such as yoga or meditation. Some find that physical exercise can help. Others change their diet and stop having alcohol, coffee, and other unhealthy things. Many people find writing about their phobia helps them understand what is happening to them. But if none of these ideas help you, go and see your doctor. He or she may suggest psychotherapy, or even hypnosis.

Ex			may have a phobia it ore than one thing.
	A True	B False 🗸	C Doesn't say
1	According to	the article, ever	ybody has a phobia.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
2	The writer th		al phobias are worse
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
3	The writer th	inks that some	phobias are silly.
	A True	B False	C. Doesn't say

4	People with phobias can be unpopular.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
5	People with phobias often feel they are in real danger.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
6	People with phobias sometimes have problems breathing.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
7	Some people see the object of their phobia every day.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
8	The writer has a fear of heights.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
9	Yoga can help you relax.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
10	Doctors can't help people with phobias.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	10
2 A	nswer the questions.
1	How many people have phobias?
2	How do most people feel about phobias?
3	What physical reaction do some people have?
4	What can people with phobias do to relax?
5	What changes do some people make to their lives?
	5
	Reading total 15
WRI	TING
	e a biography of a famous person. Include as h of this information as you can:
•	where / when born?
	alive / dead?
	married?

52

what / famous for?

what / you like about him/her?

Reading and Writing total

# **Reading and Writing**

#### READING

1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

# Do you have a phobia?

Are you terrified at the thought of getting on an aeroplane? Do you worry about spiders every time you go into the bathroom? Would you rather walk up 100 steps than get into a lift? If the answer is 'yes' to any of these or similar questions, you may have a phobia!

If you have a phobia, don't worry. You're not alone. It's estimated that about 10% of the world's population have a phobia about something. The fear of flying, the fear of heights, the fear of being in closed spaces or being in open spaces are some of the most common phobias people have. However, there are hundreds of other unusual phobias too, which are just as bad. Did you know that some people have a fear of clowns? Can you believe that some people are afraid of fish and that others are scared of garlic? Then there's the fear of falling in love, the fear of rain, the fear of the moon, and the fear of the stars! The list is endless.

For most people who don't have phobias, these ideas are difficult to understand. Even people with phobias usually know that there's no real danger. However, they cannot control their fears. When some people think about the object of their phobia, their heart starts beating very quickly and they find it difficult to breathe. This is a natural reaction to fear, but it can make life difficult if it happens all

So if you have a phobia, what can you do about it? In some cases, you can simply avoid the situation. If you have a fear of heights, don't climb a mountain! However, in other cases, it's not so easy. What can you do if you're terrified of vegetables? Some people try relaxation techniques such as yoga or meditation. Some find that physical exercise can help. Others change their diet and stop having alcohol, coffee, and other unhealthy things. Many people find writing about their phobia helps them understand what is happening to them. But if none of these ideas help you, go and see your doctor. He or she may suggest psychotherapy, or even hypnosis.

Example: The writer thinks you may have a phobia if you're frightened of more than one thing. B False C Doesn't say 1 According to the article, nobody really has a phobia. B False C Doesn't say 2 The writer thinks that common phobias are worse than unusual phobias. B False C Doesn't say A True 3 The writer doesn't believe some people who say they have phobias. B False C Doesn't say A True

	People with phobias can be lonely.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	People with phobias always believe they are in danger.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	If you have a phobia, it can change the way your heart beats.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	It isn't easy to avoid a lot of phobias.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	The writer doesn't have any phobias.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	Writing about your phobia can help you to understand it.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	The writer doesn't think hypnosis will help.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
1	nswer the questions.  What are four of the most common phobias?
	How do some people feel about their phobias?
	What happens when people are afraid?
	What changes can you make to your food and drink which might help?
	Why do some people do yoga?
	5
	Reading total 15
	TING
	e a biography of a famous person. Include as n of this information as you can:
	where / when born?
	alive / dead? married?
	what / famous for?
	1 . / 121 1 . 1 . 1 . 2

what / you like about him/her?

Reading and Writing total

# Listening and speaking

# Listening and speaking

## LISTENING

Listen to the programme about inventions. Complete the information.

1 Josephine Cochrane invented the dishwasher in 2 \_\_\_\_\_ were invented by Mary Anderson. 3 Over 55 million \_\_\_\_\_ are used every day. 4 Bette Nesmith Graham had a job as a \_\_\_\_\_

	Listening total	10
	Speaking total	15
Listening a	nd Speaking total	25

# LISTENING

Listen to the programme about inventions. Complete the information.

- 1 Josephine Cochrane was an \_\_\_\_\_\_ woman.
- 2 Mary Anderson invented windscreen wipers in
- 3 Over \_\_\_\_\_ disposable nappies are used every day.
- 4 Bette Nesmith Graham became rich after she invented
- 5 Kevlar was used to make \_\_\_\_\_

Listening total	10
Speaking total	15

Listening and Speaking total

# SPEAKING

# Student A

1 Ask your partner these questions.

5 Kevlar was a stronger material than \_\_\_

- 1 How long have you known your best friend?
- 2 Where did you meet?
- 3 How long have you lived in this place?
- 4 Have you ever lived in another town or country?
- 5 How long have you had your job?
- 6 What did you do before?
- 2 Read the information about the history of the hamburger and answer your partner's questions. Use the past or present passive.

# The Hamburger

19th century: first hamburger-style dish introduced in America / called Hamburg-style beef 1920s: hamburgers first sold in America 1940s: first Macdonald's restaurant opened 1968: Big Mac introduced Today: millions of hamburgers eaten in America

- 3 Ask your partner about the history of trainers. Use the present or past passive.
  - where / trainers / first appear?
  - who / invent?
  - when / first company / open?
  - company's name / change to?
  - how many trainers / sell / today?

# SPEAKING

# Student B

- 1 Ask your partner these questions.
  - 1 How long have you known your oldest friend?
  - 2 Where did you meet?
  - 3 How long have you lived in your flat?
  - 4 Where did you live before?
  - 5 How long have you been an English student?
  - Why did you decide to learn?
- 2 Ask your partner about the history of the hamburger. Use the present or past passive.
  - when / first hamburger dish / introduce / in America?
  - what / call?
  - when / first hamburgers / sell?
  - when / Big Mac / introduce?
  - how many / hamburgers / eat / in America / today?
- 3 Read the information about the history of trainers and answer your partner's questions. Use the past or present passive.

#### **Trainers**

trainers first appeared in America invented by Bill Bowerman and Phil Knight 1964: their first company opened 1968: company changed its name to Nike Today: millions of trainers sold every year

## GRAMMAR

1 <u>Underline</u> the correct word(s).

Example: Did you go somewhere / anywhere / anything nice at the weekend?

- 1 She didn't do nothing / something / anything last night.
- 2 You eat too much / little / many sweet things.
- 3 I usually have a few / little / enough milk in my coffee.
- 4 Is there anybody / nobody / anywhere at home today?
- 5 I don't want something / nothing / anything to eat.
- 6 These shoes aren't big too / enough / very.
- 7 Anyone / Someone / Something left their bag in the classroom.
- He has too many / too much / too money. He can't spend it!

2	Complete	the sentences	with t	the correct	words
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Example: What time did you get up? get up you you get up 1 This film's boring. Turn \_\_\_\_\_\_. off it it off

3 These jeans are nice. Put \_\_\_\_

2 I don't want this dress. Give \_\_\_\_\_. it away away it

them on on them 4 What are you doing? I'm \_\_\_\_\_

looking my phone for looking for my phone 5 Can you \_\_\_\_\_ this evening? look after your brother look your brother after

6 Tom rang. Can you call \_\_\_\_\_? back him him back

3 Complete the dialogues with or	one	word.
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Example: 'I like reading.' 'So do I.' 1 'I don't like football.' '\_\_\_\_\_ do I.' 2 'I went to Italy last year.' 'So \_\_\_\_\_\_ I.' 3 'I can speak French.' 'So \_\_\_\_\_ I.' 4 'I'm not English.' 'Neither \_\_\_\_\_ I.' 5 'I didn't enjoy the book.' 'Neither \_\_\_\_\_ I.' 6 'I've seen a crocodile.' 'So \_\_\_\_\_\_ I.' 6 20 Grammar total

# VOCABULARY

4 Choose from the pairs of adjectives to complete the sentences.

boring / bored exciting / excited interested / interesting relaxing / relaxed depressing / depressed tired / tiring

Example: The film was really boring. I nearly fell asleep.

1 I felt very \_\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday because I failed an

Yoga is very \_\_\_\_\_. It helps me forget all my

3 The match was really \_\_\_\_\_. Our team scored in the last minute.

4 I'm not \_\_\_\_\_ in sport. I prefer music.

5 I was \_\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday. I had nothing to do.

6 Walking around the shopping centre was quite

\_\_\_\_\_. I need a rest!

6

# Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

**5** Complete the phrasal verbs.

Example: Your room's a mess! Put away those clothes!

- 1 Turn the music \_\_\_\_\_\_. The neighbours can hear it!
- \_\_\_\_ with his brother. They Ben doesn't get \_ argue all the time.
- 3 You need to fill \_\_\_\_\_\_ a form if you want a new passport.
- 4 The test will be \_\_\_\_\_ in ten minutes. Please check your work.
- 5 I'm going to look \_\_\_\_\_\_ some information on the Internet.
- Can you find \_\_\_\_\_ about cheap hotels in Paris, please.
- 7 He gave \_\_\_\_\_\_ smoking last week.
- 8 I stayed \_\_\_\_\_ really late last night and now I'm tired.

**6** Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: He looks just *like* his brother.

like as same

1 I've got the same dress \_\_\_\_\_ Lisa.

like both as

2 I hate sport and \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ does my sister. similar so neither

3 The two girls are\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ good at French.

- neither both same
- 4 Our names are very \_ \_\_\_\_. She's called Ann and I'm called Anna.

same similar like

5 Mark doesn't work hard and \_\_\_\_\_ does Ben.

neither so also

6 My dog looks \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ your dog.

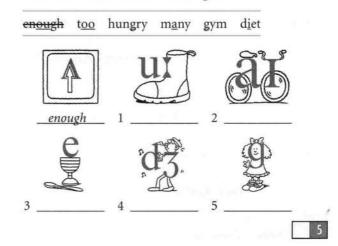
similar like both



Vocabulary total

## **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Write the words in the correct place.



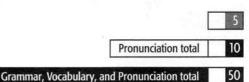
**8** Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: identical

- investigate
- diet

8

- nobody
- 4 however
- enough



3 <u>Underline</u> the correct word(s).

8 Matthew doesn't get \_\_

They argue all the time.

# GRAMMAR

1	looking my phone for looking for my phone  You mum phoned. Can you call?  back her her back	the bus.  2 They don't want something / nothing / anything
2		to drink.
3	Can you this evening? look after the baby look the baby after This film's boring. Turn	<ul> <li>I didn't do nothing / something / anything last night.</li> <li>This shirt isn't big too / enough / very.</li> </ul>
4	off it it off  What time did?  get up she she get up	<ul> <li>5 He has too many / too much / too money. He can't spend it!</li> <li>6 I usually have a few / little / enough milk in my tea.</li> </ul>
5	it on on it	<ul> <li>7 Did you go somewhere / anywhere / anything nice on Sunday?</li> <li>8 You eat too much / little / many sweet things.</li> </ul>
	6	VOCABULARY 20
	Complete the dialogues with one word.  Example: 'I'm not English.' 'Neither <u>am</u> I.'	4 Complete the phrasal verbs. Example: The test will be <u>over</u> in ten minutes. Please check your work.
1 2 3	2 'I didn't enjoy the film.' 'Neither I.'	He gave smoking last week.      I'm going to look some information on the Internet.
4 5 6	5 'I can speak German.' 'So I.'	<ul><li>3 Turn the television It's too noisy!</li><li>4 Can you find about flights to Paris, please?</li></ul>
	6	<ul> <li>5 I stayed really late last night and now I'm tired.</li> <li>6 You need to fill a form if youwant to join the sports club.</li> <li>7 This rearr's a most Put.</li> </ul>

those clothes!

with his sister.

# **Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation**

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: Our names are very similar. She's called Ann and I'm called Anna.

same similar like

1 His dog looks \_\_\_\_\_ my dog.

similar like both

2 Scott doesn't work hard, and \_\_\_\_\_ does Darren.

neither so also

3 I've got the same shoes \_\_\_\_\_ Francesca.

like both as

4 She looks just \_\_\_\_ her mother.

like as same

5 The two sisters are good at English.

neither both same

6 I hate football, and \_\_\_\_\_\_ does my dad.

similar so neither

6

Choose from the pairs of adjectives to complete the sentences.

boring / bored exciting / excited interested / interesting relaxing / relaxed depressing / depressed tired / tiring

Example: I'm not interested in sport. I prefer music.

1 Walking around the shopping centre was quite

. I need a rest!

2 I was \_\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday. I had nothing to do.

3 I felt very \_\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday because I failed an

4 The film was really \_\_\_\_\_\_. I nearly fell asleep.

5 The match was really \_\_\_\_\_. Our team scored in the last minute.

\_\_\_\_. It helps me forget all my 6 Yoga is very \_\_ stress.

Vocabulary total

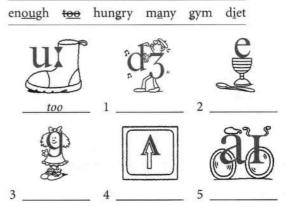
## **PRONUNCIATION**

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: relax

- 1 enough
- 2 nobody
- 3 diet
- 4 investigate
- 5 however

8 Write the words in the correct place.



Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

10

# READING

1 Read the article about sleep and tick ( $\checkmark$ ) A, B, or C.

Six months ago, Jane Walker felt moody and irritable. She couldn't concentrate and the quality of her work was getting worse. She knew she wasn't getting enough sleep, so she

'I h unit bee a s sle nig nig dee At the gyr exe sw My atn bra cur tol at   roir list Aft had wo to	cided to see a sleep therapist.  It have a very stressful job. Six months ago, I often worked til midnight, drove home, had something to eat, went to did, and then got up at five in the morning. I decided to see leep therapist. She said I needed to have a regular eping pattern, with seven or eight hours sleep every that. This meant I had to go to bed at the same time every that and get up at the same time — even at weekends. I cided to go to bed at eleven and get up seven.  If the same time in the even at the same time every that and get up at the same time — even at weekends. I cided to go to bed at eleven and get up seven.  If the same time in the even ing. However, this is a bad idea because excise can wake you up. So I started going for a walk or imming at lunchtime instead.  If therapist also suggested that I should create the right mosphere in my room for sleeping. Bright light tells the sain that it's time to wake up, so I bought some heavier retains and made sure my room was nice and dark. She did me not to fill my brain with exciting thoughts last thing might. I like reading thrillers, but I put them away and read mantic stories instead! I also bought a relaxation tape and ened to it in bed.  It is about a week I was more relaxed during the day and I did better concentration. The result was that I did more with and it was better quality, too. These days, I try to stick my sleeping schedule. However, it doesn't always work. I metimes go to bed after midnight at the weekend and I casionally watch the odd scary movie!'
	ample: Jane went to see a therapist because her
	oods were affecting her
As	social life 🔲 B work 🗸 C health 🗌
1	Jane used to go to bed straight after
	A working B travelling C eating
2	The therapist advised Jane to
	A go to bed at a regular time
	B get up earlier C go to bed earlier C
3	Exercising late in the day
	A helps you sleep
	B stops you from sleeping C has no effect C
4	Jane decided to
	A give up exercise B do more exercise
	C exercise at a different time of day
5	The therapist told Jane to make her room
	A brighter B darker C quieter

6	Jane decided					
	A not to read in bed B to read more exciting					
	books C to read books she didn't usually read					
7	Jane also tried					
	A relaxing exercises B listening to tapes					
	in bed C speaking to friends C					
8	Jane felt better					
	A immediately B after a few days					
	C after a short time					
9	She started to					
	A work longer hours					
	B produce better work C dislike her job					
10	Now, Jane					
	A never goes to bed late B often reads scary					
	books C sometimes breaks the rules					
	10					
2 A	nswer the questions.					
1	Why did Jane use to go to bed so late?					
2	Why should people sleep in the dark?					
3	How did Jane create a better atmosphere for sleep?					
4	Why did Jane start reading romantic stories?					
5	How did Jane feel after changing her lifestyle?					
	5					
	Reading total 15					
WRI	TING					
	do you feel about exercise? Write two paragraphs.					
•	aragraph 1 the good side:  What kind of exercise do you enjoy?  How often do you do it? How does it make you feel?					
P	aragraph 2 the bad side:					
•	Can you often think of better things to do?					
•	Do you find it doesn't really make any difference to the way you look or feel?					
	10					
	Pooding and Writing total 25					

# READING

1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

word dec 'I h unto be a sleen nig nig dec At the gyrr exe swit My atn bra cur toli at I rorr list Aft had wo to sorr	months ago, Jane Walker felt moody and irritable. She idn't concentrate and the quality of her work was getting rese. She knew she wasn't getting enough sleep, so she ided to see a sleep therapist. ave a very stressful job. Six months ago, I often worked ill midnight, drove home, had something to eat, went to d, and then got up at five in the morning. I decided to see eep therapist. She said I needed to have a regular eping pattern, with seven or eight hours sleep every hat. This meant I had to go to bed at the same time every hat and get up at the same time — even at weekends. I cided to go to bed at eleven and get up seven. If that problems getting to sleep, so my sleep trapist gave me a few ideas. I often used to go to the in late in the evening. However, this is a bad idea because ercise can wake you up. So I started going for a walk or imming at lunchtime instead.  Therapist also suggested that I should create the right mosphere in my room for sleeping. Bright light tells the in that it's time to wake up, so I bought some heavier trains and made sure my room was nice and dark. She did me not to fill my brain with exciting thoughts last thing hight. I like reading thrillers, but I put them away and read nantic stories instead! I also bought a relaxation tape and ened to it in bed.  The result was that I did more rich and it was better quality, too. These days, I try to stick my sleeping schedule. However, it doesn't always work. I metimes go to bed after midnight at the weekend and I casionally watch the odd scary movie!'
mo	ample: Jane went to see a therapist because her bods were affecting her  social life B work C health
1	Jane used to go to bed  A at 5 a.m. B after midnight
	C without eating
2	The therapist advised Jane to  A go to bed later  B have more sleep  C get up earlier
3	Exercising in the evening
	A can make sleeping more difficult
	B doesn't change the way you sleep  C can help you sleep better
4	Jane decided to exercise
-	A before work B during the day
	C at weekends
5	The therapist told Jane to make her room  A darker B brighter C more exciting

	6	Tama danidad	
	0	Jane decided	
		A to change the sort of books she read	
		B to only read during the day  C not to read romantic stories	
	-		
	1	Jane also tried	
		A an exercise tape B watching TV	
		C listening to tapes in bed	
8		After, Jane began to feel better.	
		A a day B about a week C a few weeks	
	9	She started to	
		A enjoy her work more B dislike her work	
		C do better work	
	10	Now, Jane	
		A always goes to bed really early	
		B often breaks the rules	
		C sometimes goes to bed late	
		10	
2	Αı	nswer the questions.	
-	1	What did Jane often use to do after midnight?	
	1	What did jane often use to do after intungit.	
	2	What happens if your bedroom isn't dark enough?	
	3	What change did Jane make in her bedroom?	
	4	Why did she stop reading thrillers?	
	_	In what way did things change for Jane?	
	5	in what way did things change for Janes	
		5	
		Deading total 1	
		Reading total 15	
W	RI	TING	
Н	ow	do you feel about exercise? Write two paragraphs.	
	Pa •	ragraph 1 the good side:  How often do you do exercise? What do you do?  Is it improving your health?	
	Pa	ragraph 2 the bad side:	
How often do you feel like not doing it?			
	•	Does it really make a difference?	
		Reading and Writing total 25	

# Listening and speaking

## LISTENING

Listen to the interview. Cross out the wrong information. Write the correct information.

- 1 He starts work at nine o'clock every day.
- 2 He gets up at quarter to seven.
- 3 He used to study in the evenings.
- 4 He often goes cycling or to the gym in the mornings.
- 5 He usually takes his daughter to school.

Listening total	10
Listerning total	10

Speaking total

Listening and Speaking total

# LISTENING

Listen to the interview. Cross out the wrong information. Write the correct information.

Listening and speaking

- 1 He finishes work at five o'clock every day.
- 2 He takes two hours to travel to work.
- 3 He often goes to the gym or for a walk in the mornings.
- 4 He usually looks after his daughter at weekends.
- 5 He'd prefer to have a three-day week.

Listening total	10

Speaking total

Listening and Speaking total

# **SPEAKING**

# Student A

- 1 Ask your partner these questions.
  - How often do you do exercise?
  - Do you think you get enough sleep?
  - What are your ideal working hours?
  - 4 What's your routine at weekends?
  - How do you think you could improve your lifestyle?
- 2 Read about Hannah and answer your partner's questions.

#### HANNAH - MORNING PERSON

# Typical weekday:

Morning

Evening

6:00 a.m. - go for run

8:00 a.m. - start work

read / something romantic listen / CDs

lunchtime - go to gym

eat / healthy food

4:00 p.m. - finish work 10:00 p.m. - go to bed

- 3 Ask your partner about Mick's typical weekday.
  - morning / evening person?
  - what time / wake up?
  - what time / start / finish work?
  - where / go / lunchtime?
  - what / do / evenings?
  - what time / go to bed?

# SPEAKING

# Student B

- 1 Ask your partner these questions.
  - 1 How important is a healthy lifestyle?
  - 2 How do you usually feel when you wake up?
  - 3 Do you prefer studying in the morning or at night?
  - 4 Do you usually relax more at weekends?
  - 5 Could you organize your days better? How?
- 2 Ask your partner about Hannah's typical weekday.
  - morning / evening person?
  - What / do / before work?
  - What time / start / finish work?
  - Where / go / lunchtime?
  - What / do / evenings?
  - go to bed early?
- 3 Read about Mick and answer your partner's questions.

#### MICK - EVENING PERSON

### Typical weekday:

Morning

Evening.

9:00 a.m. - wake up

go out with friends

10:00 a.m. - start work

watch / thriller on TV

lunchtime - stay at work

eat / fast food

6:00 p.m. - finish work

1:00 a.m. - go to bed



## GRAMMAR

1

C	complete the sentences. Use the verbs in brace	ckets.
Ex	xample: I usually <i>get up</i> (get up) at 7 o'clock.	
1	He (look for) a job when he leave university.	es
2	I (be) to Italy three times.	
3	Mike (live) in France, but now he in London.	e lives
4	Our office (not clean) every day.	
5	She (not go) to the party, she were home.	nt
6	She left the cinema because she ( the film before.	see)
7	Happy anniversary! How long yo	u
	(marry)?	
8	Sarah (cook) lunch at the mome	nt.
9	They (watch) TV when we arrive	d.
10	you ever (see) a cro-	codile?
11	I (see) David last week.	
12	I don't think it (rain) tomorrow. aren't any clouds.	There
13	Paella (make) with rice.	
14	They (not listen) to the teacher r now.	ight
15	What you (see) whe opened the door?	en you
16	When I arrived, Jack (already / lethe house was empty.	ave) –
	Complete the sentences with one word.	
	xample: Where does Ben live?	
1		
2		r.
3		
4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
5		
6	What you do if he doesn't ring?	
7	it was a cold day, she didn't have a coa	
8	* * *	S.
9	MARKAGANA MARKAGANA AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	
10	'I don't like fish.' ' do I.'	10

3 Underline the correct word or phrase.

Example: Have you finished your homework yet / just?

- 1 I'm bored. I don't have anything / nothing to do.
- 2 This is the best / better pizza I've ever tasted.
- 3 They asked us what we wanted / we did want.
- 4 My brother's most / more intelligent than me.
- 5 I mustn't / don't have to work today. It's a holiday!
- If she didn't love him, she wouldn't / won't marry
- A tortoise moves more quickly / quicker than a snail.
- You can / should get a new job. Your boss is horrible.
- Swimming / Swim in the sea makes me feel great.
- You must / mustn't study hard. You've got an exam.
- 11 You smoke too many / too much cigarettes.
- 12 She said / told him she didn't want to marry him.
- They might / must visit us tomorrow. It depends whether they fix the car.

14 I d	on't do	enough /	too	exercise
--------	---------	----------	-----	----------

Γ	14
_	
$\neg$	100

# Grammar total

# 40

# **VOCABULARY**

4 <u>Underline</u> the odd word out.

Example: funny friendly kind crowded

- 1 fingers legs hands arms
- 2 trousers socks shoes trainers
- sheep chicken camel pig
- husband wife uncle brother
- 5 fly mosquito dolphin wasp

2

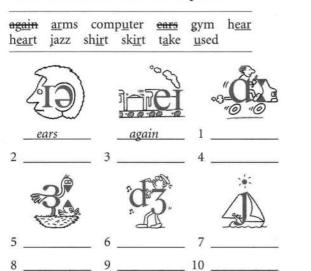


5	Co	omplete the sentences with the correct word.	6	Write the opposite.
	Ex	ample: My mum's brother is my <i>uncle</i> .		Example: pass fail
		aunt uncle cousin		1 find
	1	Can you turn the TV? I want to watch the film.		2 near
		on in off		3 dangerous
	2	They a really good time on holiday.		4 patient
		spent did had		5 borrow
	3	Ann's really She always gives me presents.		6 push
		mean lazy generous		
	4	They drove the tunnel.	7	Write the prepositions.
		through under across		Example: What music do you listen to?
	5	Mike me he had finished his homework.		1 How long did you wait a bus today?
		said told replied		2 My birthday's July.
	6	My sister is my uncle's		3 The ball went the wall.
		niece granddaughter nephew		4 I'll meet you tomorrow work – we'll go
	7	The opposite of 'noisy' is ''		for a pizza.
		safe quiet clean		5 The boy jumped the river.
	8	Are you looking to your holiday?		6 Shall I tell you the film?
		for after forward		7 I often argue my brother.
	9	I on really well with my parents.		8 I'm going to the cinema Friday.
		do get make		
	10	My friend's birthday is 5th September.	0	Complete the continuous sith and and
		in at on	0	Complete the sentences with one word.
	11	He came first and a great prize.		Example: Write <u>down</u> the words.
		earned did won		1 You'll have to go the road, the cinema's on the other side.
	12	I'm not good at maths.		the other side.  2 the channel. This programme's boring.
		very incredibly bit		Work pairs.
	13	That skirt looks nice. Would you like to		
		it on?		your bed and tidy your room before you go out.
		take wear try		5 Let's John to dinner.
	14	The plane made an emergency landing, but no one was hurt.		6 Shall we sightseeing tomorrow?
		immediately luckily suddenly		7 Can you the dog for a walk?
		Infinediately facility studethy		
				Vocabulary total 4



# **PRONUNCIATION**

**9** Write the words in the correct place.



10 Underline the stressed syllable

Example: builder

- 1 e-mail
- 2 pyjamas
- 3 university
- 4 promise
- 5 butterfly
- 6 almost
- 7 exist
- 8 journey
- 9 prefer
- 10 nothing

10

10

Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total



# GRAMMAR

GR	AMMAR	3 (	Complete the sentences. Use the verbs in brackets.
1	Complete the sentences with one word.	I	Example: I usually <i>get up</i> (get up) at 7 o'clock.
3	Example: How often do you do exercise? Every day?	1	David (cook) lunch at the moment.
	1 She ran of the house.	2	2 He (not listen) to music now.
9	2 What you do if he doesn't ring?	3	Paella (make) with rice.
	Put your coat. It's cold outside.	4	
	4 A post office is a place you buy stamps.		aren't any clouds.
	5 'I don't like fish.' ' do I.'	5	
	6 I went to Francelearn French.	6	
	7 does Ben live?	7	
	I do my homework now, I'll do it later.	8	When I arrived, Richard (already / leave) – the house was empty.
(	it was a cold day, she didn't have a coat.	9	Happy anniversary! How long you
10	'Have you read the newspaper?' 'No, not'		(marry)?
	10	10	What you (see) when you opened the door?
2	<u>Underline</u> the correct word or phrase.	11	We (not go) to the party, we went to the theatre.
1	Example: This is the <u>best</u> / better wine I've ever tasted.	12	Our classroom (not clean) every day.
1	I'm bored. I don't have anything / nothing to do.	13	Margaret (live) in Edinburgh, but now
- 2	They asked us what we wanted / we did want.		she lives in Belfast.
	A tortoise moves more quickly / quicker than a snail.		I (be) to Canada three times.
4	I mustn't / don't have to work today. It's a holiday!	15	He (look for) a job when he leaves school.
	Swimming / Swim in the sea makes me feel great.	16	She left the cinema because she (see)
	You smoke <b>too many</b> / <b>too much</b> cigarettes.	-	the film before.
	7 They <b>might</b> / <b>must</b> visit us tomorrow. It depends whether they fix the car.		Grammar total 40
8	Have you finished your homework yet / just?	VO	CABULARY
- 9		4 \	Write the opposite.
10	She said / told him she didn't want to marry him.		
1	You must / mustn't study hard. You've got an exam.	12	example: patient <u>impatient</u>
12	0	1	
	horrible.	2	
13	If she didn't love him, she wouldn't / won't marry him.	3	find pass
14	I'm most / more intelligent than my brother.	5	
•	14	6	
			6

5	Co	omplete the sentences with one word.		7 Are you looking to your holiday?
	Ex	ample: Work <u>in</u> pairs.		for after forward
		Shall we sightseeing tomorrow?		8 My mum's brother is my
		your bed and tidy your room before you go		aunt uncle cousin
		out.		9 Linda me she had finished her homework.
	3	You'll have to go the road, the book shop's on the other side.		said told replied
	4			10 The opposite of 'noisy' is ''
	5	Let's Harry and Isabella to dinner.  Can you the dog for a walk?		safe quiet clean
		the channel. This programme's boring.	1	11 They drove the tunnel.
		Write the words.		through under across
		7		12 My boyfriend's really He always gives me presents.
				mean lazy generous
6	W	rite the prepositions.		13 They a really good time on holiday.
	Ex	ample: I'll see you tomorrow <u>at</u> work. Don't be late!		spent did had
	1	I often argue my brother.		14 Can you turn the TV? I want to watch the
	2	The dog jumped the river.		film.
	3	How long did you wait a bus this morning?		on in off
	4	Shall I tell you the film?		
	5	We're going to the cinema Sunday.	8	<u>Underline</u> the odd word out.
	6	The ball went the wall and we lost it.		Example: husband wife uncle brother
	7	What music do you listen?		1 fly mosquito dolphin wasp
	8	Is your birthday October?		2 sheep chicken camel pig
				3 trousers socks shoes trainers
7	Co	omplete the sentences with the correct word.		4 funny friendly kind crowded
		\$ 20 mm 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		5 fingers legs hands arms
	LA	ample: My sister is my uncle's <u>niece</u> .  niece granddaughter nephew		Vocabulary total 40
	1	The plane made an emergency landing, but	DE	RONUNCIATION
		no one was hurt.		
		immediately luckily suddenly	9	Under <u>line</u> the stressed syllable.
	2	That skirt looks nice. Would you like to		Example: <u>buil</u> der
		it on?		1 exist
	3	take wear try  He came first and a great prize.		2 university
	5	earned did won		3 journey
	4	I'm not good at geography.		4 almost
		very incredibly bit		5 nothing
	5	I on really well with my parents.		6 pyjamas
	20	do get make		7 prefer
	6	My brother's birthday is 14th February.		8 promise
		in at on		9 e-mail
				10 butterfly



10 Write the words in the correct place.

again arms computer ears gym hear heart jazz shirt skirt take used







arms 3

1





6 10

Pronunciation total

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total

# **End-of-course Reading and Writing**

#### READING

1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

# How to Survive in the Jungle

Last week in our series 'Life in the Jungle' we looked at the some of the most fascinating jungles in the world. In this week's feature, we're looking at how to survive in the jungle. Alana Harris gives us some ideas.

When you're in the jungle, you need to leave all your luxuries at home! That means, forget your mobile phone, your favourite coffee, your chocolate bars, and your CD player. When you're in the jungle, you need only four things - water, food, shelter, and fire. You can find all of these easily, but you must know what to look for.

Let's start with water. Even though there's a lot of water in most tropical environments, you may not find it immediately. One way to discover it is to follow animals and birds, as they need liquid regularly. Insects can also be a good sign, because they usually build their nests near water. However, don't only look for rivers. You can also find water in plants such as vines, roots, and palm trees.

You can usually find a lot of food in the jungle, but you must be happy to eat things you wouldn't normally want to, for example, insects. However, you need to know the difference between those you can eat and those that are poisonous, so start reading about them now! For cooking and for warmth, collect dry firewood, leaves, and grass. Then make fire using dry sticks - or take a box of matches or a lighter with you!

The type of shelter you need depends on the weather and the kind of animals that are in the jungle. Malariacarrying mosquitoes and other insects can be very dangerous, so protect yourself against bites. If you don't have any insect repellent, try putting mud on your skin.

Of course, if you're lost in the jungle, you'll want to get home again. The sun and stars can help you find your way, so you might want to study astronomy. Alternatively, when you find a river, follow it. People usually live near rivers, so if you walk along the river bank, eventually you'll find a village.

Example: This is the first article in the series. B False 🗸 C Doesn't say A True 1 Alana Harris has been to the jungle several times. B False A True C Doesn't say 2 She suggests taking one luxury food item. B False A True L C Doesn't say 3 Animals can lead you to water. B False C Doesn't say 4 Insects can survive a long time without drinking. A True B False C Doesn't say

-	A12				
5		_	etting water from pl	ants.	
	A True 🔲	B False	C Doesn't say		
6	Alana says it's	s always safe to	eat insects.		
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say		
7	Alana has bee	en poisoned by	a plant before.		
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say		
8	You shouldn' jungle.	t use a lighter to	make a fire in the		
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say		
9	Mosquitoes v repellent.	vill bite you if yo	ou don't have insect		
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say	]	
10	It's a good ide	ea to learn abou	t the stars.	_ ′	
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say		
				10	
2 A	nswer the que	estions.			
1	What things	are necessary fo	r jungle survival?		
	:				
2	What two pla from?	ices does Alana	say you can get wat	er	
3	What does A	lana say you cou	ıld bring from hom	e?	
4	What do you need to learn about insects?				
5	What three way home?	vays does Alana	suggest for finding	your	
	3			5	
			Reading total	15	
14/D !	TING		Reduilig total	l)	
	TING				
		most memoral	ole holiday. Answe	er	
the a	uestions.				

- 1 Where did you go?
- 2 Where did you stay?
- 3 Who did you go with?
- 4 What were the best moments?
- 5 What were the worst moments?
- 6 Why is it memorable?

- 1		98	ta
- 1		100.1	ĸ
- 1		ю.	a.

Reading and Writing total



# **End-of-course Reading and Writing**

#### READING

1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

# How to Survive in the Jungle

Last week in our series 'Life in the Jungle' we looked at the some of the most fascinating jungles in the world. In this week's feature, we're looking at how to survive in the jungle. Alana Harris gives us some ideas.

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Let's start with water. Even though there's a lot of water in most tropical environments, you may not find it immediately. One way to discover it is to follow animals and birds, as they need liquid regularly. Insects can also be a good sign, because they usually build their nests near water. However, don't only look for rivers. You can also find water in plants such as vines, roots, and palm trees.

You can usually find a lot of food in the jungle, but you must be happy to eat things you wouldn't normally want to, for example, insects. However, you need to know the difference between those you can eat and those that are poisonous, so start reading about them now! For cooking and for warmth, collect dry firewood, leaves, and grass. Then make fire using dry sticks - or take a box of matches or a lighter with you!

The type of shelter you need depends on the weather and the kind of animals that are in the jungle. Malariacarrying mosquitoes and other insects can be very dangerous, so protect yourself against bites. If you don't have any insect repellent, try putting mud on your skin.

Of course, if you're lost in the jungle, you'll want to get home again. The sun and stars can help you find your way, so you might want to study astronomy. Alternatively, when you find a river, follow it. People usually live near rivers, so if you walk along the river bank, eventually you'll find a village.

Ex	kample: This is	the first article	in the series.
	A True	B False 🗸	C Doesn't say
1	Alana Harris	has never been	to the jungle.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
2	She doesn't su	iggest taking an	y luxury food items
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
3	Animals don'	t have to drink	very often.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say
4	Watching inse	ects can help yo	u find water.
	A True	B False	C Doesn't say

	Alana explains how to get the water out of plants.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
,	Alana warns about dangerous insects.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	Alana has never eaten an insect.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	You should never use matches in the jungle.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	Alana always carries an insect repellent.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	Learning about the sun can help you find your way.
	A True B False C Doesn't say
	10
1	nswer the questions.
	What does Alana think about taking luxuries to the
	jungle?
	Which plants can you get water from?
	What ways does Alana suggest for lighting a fire?
	Why should you read about insects before you go to the jungle?
	What three things can help you if you get lost?
	5
	Reading total 15
1	ring
	about your most memorable holiday. Answer uestions.
1	Where did you go?
	Who did you go with?
q	uestions. Where did you go?

6 Why is it memorable?

	_
Reading and Writing total	2.5
Reading and Writing total	

# **End-of-course Listening**

# **End-of-course Listening**

# LISTENING

1 Listen to five callers on a radio programme talking about positive thinking. Write the letter (A–E) next to each caller.

People	Opinion
Caller 1	A thinks we should concentrate on the good things that happen to us.
Caller 2	B thinks we should forget about things we've done wrong.
Caller 3	C thinks we should try to make other people feel better.
Caller 4	D thinks we should tell ourselves that we will be successful.
Caller 5	E thinks we shouldn't think about bad things which happen in the world.
	5

2 Listen to the TV programme and complete the information.

Sofia Co	ppola	
She was b	orn in '	in New York.
She left so	chool and bed	came a/an <sup>2</sup>
She studie	ed fine arts a	nd 3
She direct	ted her first f	îlm in ⁴
In 5	she direc	cted Lost in Translation.

	Listening total	10
	Speaking total	I
Listening a	nd Speaking total	2!

# LISTENING

1 Listen to five callers on a radio programme talking about positive thinking. Write the letter (A-E) next to each caller.

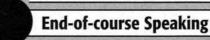
People	Opinion
Caller 1	A thinks we should help other people feel more positive.
Caller 2	B thinks we shouldn't read about bad things all the time.
Caller 3	C thinks we shouldn't think about things we've done wrong.
Caller 4	D thinks we should think about the good things that happen.
Caller 5	E thinks we shouldn't think we'll always fail.

2 Listen to the TV programme and complete the information.

Sofia Coppola	
Lost in Translation came out in 1	
She was born in New York in 2	
She studied fine arts and 3	
Then she became a/an 4	
In <sup>5</sup> she made her first film.	

	5
Listening total	10
Speaking total	15
Listening and Speaking total	25





SPEAKING

# Student A

- 1 Ask your partner these questions.
  - 1 Have you ever been to a concert? Who did you see? What was it like?
  - 2 When did you last play a sport? What was the sport? Did you enjoy it?
  - 3 What did you do last weekend?
  - 4 Where are you going next summer?
  - 5 If you could visit any country, where would you go? Why?
- 2 Read the information about a holiday you had and answer your partner's questions.

# Barbados

Luxury Holiday Hotel - all rooms with sea views Private swimming pool, gym, sauna Excellent meals included Minutes from private beach Snorkelling / windsurfing / diving

- 3 Ask your partner about their holiday.
  - Where / go?
  - Where / stay?
  - What / like?
  - Facilities?
  - How far / beach?
  - easy / get to shops?
  - What activities / do?

## SPEAKING

# Student B

- 1 Ask your partner these questions.
  - 1 Have you ever been to a football or a basketball match? Did you enjoy it?
  - 2 When did you last go to the cinema? What did you see? Was it good?
  - 3 What are you going to do this weekend?
  - 5 What did you do last summer?
  - 6 If you could have any kind of holiday, what would it be? Why?
- 2 Ask your partner about their holiday.
  - Where / go?
  - What / hotel like? Your room?
  - Facilities?
  - food / good / expensive?
  - Facilities?
  - beach / near hotel?
  - What activities / do?
- 3 Read the information about a holiday you had and answer your partner's questions.

Camping

Beautiful countryside

Washing / cooking facilities

30-minute drive from beach

10-minute drive from shops

walking / climbing / cycling



# **Answer key to Entry Test**

## **GRAMMAR**

1	1	C	10	A	19	C
	2	В	11	В	20	A
3	3	A	12	A	21	В
	4	В	13	C	22	C
	5	A	14	В	23	В
	6	В	15	C	24	A
	7	В	16	В	25	В
	8	A	17	C		
	9	В	18	C		

## **VOCABULARY**

2	1	C	10 C	19 C
	2	В	11 C	20 A
	3	A	12 A	21 A
	4	В	13 B	22 A
	5	В	14 B	23 B
	6	A	15 A	24 A
	7	C	16 B	25 C
	8	C	17 C	
	9	A	18 A	

# Answer key to A tests

# 1 Grammar, Vocabulary, and **Pronunciation**

#### GRAMMAR

- 1 1 Where did Ben go yesterday?
  - 2 What are you listening to?
  - 3 How many people were at the party?
  - 4 Are you going to go on holiday this year?
  - 5 Does Millie live with her parents?
  - 6 What is Sarah doing now?

			-	
2	1	love	5	need
	2	Do like	6	don't speak
	3	'm not studying		'm having

4 'm working 8 Are ... learning 3 1 who 4 who 2 where 5 which

6 where

6 ears

3 which

# **VOCABULARY**

4	1	Write	5	Work
	2	Cross	6	Ask
	3	Turn	7	Cover
	4	speak	8	Copy
5	1	generous	4	mean
	2	lazy	5	extrovert
		friendly	6	quiet
6	1	shoulders	4	foot
	2	stomach	5	heart

# **PRONUNCIATION**

3 back

7	1	lives	4	touch
	2	head	5	heart
	3	ear		
8	1	opposite	4	intelligent
	2	un <u>friend</u> ly	5	a <u>broad</u>
	3	grandfather		

# 1 Reading and Writing

#### READING

1	1	В		В	6	В
	2	C	5	В	7	C
	3	C				
2	1	F	4	T		F
	2	T		F	8	T
	3	F	6	F		

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 1 Listening and Speaking

# LISTENING

1.8 (2 marks per answer)

1	nightclub	4	singer
	photographer		cousir
	blue		

# **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 2 Grammar, Vocabulary, and **Pronunciation**

## GRAMMAR

1	1	was raining	5	ran
	2	was walking	6	wasn't watching
	3	didn't go	7	Did drive
	4	Was wearing	8	were doing
2	1	did you go	4	did you do
	2	did you go	5	did they say
		hannanad		found

	3	happened	6	found
3	1	Although	4	so
		but	5	because

3 although 6 so

#### **VOCABULARY**

4	1	buy	5	have
	2	rent	6	walk
	3	take	7	go
	4	go	8	stay
5	1	in	4	on
	2	at	5	at
	3	in	6	on
6	1	cold/freezing	4	hot/boiling
		windy	5	cloudy
		sunny	6	rainy

# **PRONUNCIATION**

7	1	told	4	whose
	2	dance	5	why
	3	panic		
8	1	imagine	4	interview
	2	<u>sa</u> lad	5	mu <u>si</u> cian
	3	<u>al</u> bum		

# 2 Reading and Writing

# READING

1	1	C	5	A	8	В
		В	6	В	9	В
	3	C	7	A	10	В
	4	R				

2 1 He wanted to have a drink, watch the sunset, and enjoy an evening meal.

2 The meal was cold and tasteless.

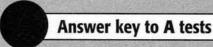
3 He arrived too late.

4 There were no buses which went to the vilage.

5 At nearly midnight.

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.



# 2 Listening and speaking

#### LISTENING

2.3 (2 marks per answer)

1 C 3 B 2 C 4 C

5 B

#### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 3 Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

#### GRAMMAR

1 1 going to phone 4 going to buy 2 going to travel 5 going to do 3 meeting going to enjoy

2 1 Will 2 '11 3 Shall 4 won't 5 11

3 1 were ... doing 2 is having

6 won't 5 won't be

3 didn't have 4 'm seeing

6 doesn't live 7 's going to have 8 Did ... send

5 A

## VOCABULARY

4 1 borrow 5 arrive 2 pull 6 catch 3 remember 7 teach 4 buy 8 open 4 looking 5 1 take 5 talked 2 agree 6 call 3 pay 6 1 for 4 to 2 with 5 to 3 about 6 about

# **PRONUNCIATION**

7 1 offer, sorry 2 won't, don't, know

8 1 father 2 complete

4 secret 5 always

3 although

# 3 Reading and Writing

# READING

1	1	C	3	В		В
	2	A	4	C	6	A
2	1	S	4	S	7	S
	2	J T	5	J	8	J T
	3	T	6	S	9	T

## WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 3 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

3.1 (2 marks per answer) 3 C 1 A 2 C 4 B

#### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

## 4 Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

#### GRAMMAR

1 1 've been 5 didn't stay 2 Have you 6 drove booked travelled 3 went 8 Have you ever 4 've been been 2 1 yet 4 yet 2 just 5 yet

3 already 6 already 3 1 harder 4 the worst 2 the friendliest

3 the biggest

5 more generous 6 more expensive

#### VOCABULARY

4 1 pyjamas 5 boots 2 T-shirt 6 hat 3 cap 7 shorts 4 shoes 8 top 5 1 takes 4 leave 2 change 5 took 3 saves 6 doing 6 1 empty 4 safe 2 impossible 5 far 6 unhealthy 3 clean

## PRONUNCIATION

7 1 belt 4 shoes 2 pyjamas 5 coat 3 blouse 8 1 argument 4 especially 2 comfortable 5 impossible 3 already

# 4 Reading and Writing

# READING

5 A 1 1 C 8 C 2 B 6 C 9 B 3 A 7 C 10 A 4 A

sightseeing, visiting fashion boutiques

They were too expensive.

3 fashion shops

4 To find the best treasures before the crowds arrive.

5 She enjoyed the night life.

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 4 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

4.2 (2 marks per answer)

1 three times many times

2 sweater jacket

3 month Saturday

some trousers a scarf

5 lots of things some shoes

#### SPEAKING

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 5 Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

#### GRAMMAR

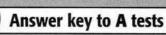
1 1 walking 5 to tell 2 to spend 6 to learn 7 talking 3 to buy 4 Swimming 8 dancing 4 have to 2 1 mustn't 2 don't have to 5 don't have to 3 must 6 can't 4 along 3 1 over 5 in 2 into 6 around 3 through

# **VOCABULARY**

4 1 interested 5 mind 6 thinking 2 spends 3 like 7 love 4 stopped 8 need 5 1 incredibly 4 not very 5 really 2 really 3 quite 6 really 6 1 go 4 play 2 play 5 do 3 do 6 go

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7 1 decide 4 possible 5 interesting 2 escape 3 forgotten 8 1 into 4 across 2 through 5 round 3 over



# 5 Reading and Writing

### READING

100		0220		100		122
1	1	C	4	В	7	C
	2	A	5	В		В
	3	В	6	C		
2	1	J	4	T	6	S
	2	S S	5	J	7	T
	3	S				

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 5 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

5.1 (2 marks per answer)

Conversation 1 E

Conversation 2 C

Conversation 3 A

Conversation 4 B

Conversation 5 D

#### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

## 6 Grammar, Vocabulary, and **Pronunciation**

## GRAMMAR

1	1	get	5	Would
	2	'd	6	could
	3	don't	7	were
	4	works	8	wouldn't
2	1	wouldn't speak	4	'd take
	2	didn't have	5	'll stay
	3	won't go	6	'd give
3	1	might	4	should
		should	5	might
		shouldn't	6	should

#### VOCABULARY

4	1	made	4	earns
	2	looks like	5	met
	3	lend	6	waiting
5	1	lion	4	rabbit
	2	chicken	5	mice
	3	bull	6	eagle
6	1	get fit	5	get a letter
	2	get an e-mail	6	get a job
	3	get married		get lost
	4	get angry	8	get home

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7	1	meet	4	push
	2	move	5	story
	3	borrow		Tarta - Store &
8	1	information	4	aspirin
	2	crocodile	5	translation
	3	con <u>clude</u>		

# 6 Reading and Writing

#### READING

1	1	A	5	В	8	C
		В	6	A	9	A
	3	C	7	C	10	A
	4	В				

- 2 1 They're huge, and they can make a lot of noise.
  - 2 When they are protecting their families.
  - 3 Because of the silver fur on their backs.
  - 4 In order to get the babies.
  - 5 For farmland, fuel, and housing.

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 6 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

6.4 (2 marks per answer)

1 onto land under water

2 impossible very difficult

3 can't run as fast as can run faster than

4 make a lot of noise pretend to be dead

5 Bulls only see movement.

#### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 7 Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

#### GRAMMAR

1	1	have lived	5	moved
	2	didn't study	6	's worked
	3	've known	7	haven't seen
	4	Did meet	8	spoke
2	1	used to	4	used to
	2	Did use to	5	didn't use to
	3	didn't use to	6	Did use to

- 3 1 was won by a girl from our class
  - 2 was built by my father 20 years ago
  - 3 is played by Pierce Brosnan
  - 4 wasn't written by Shakespeare
  - 5 are preferred by our school
  - 6 is harmed by pollution

## **VOCABULARY**

4	1	spiders	4	open space
		closed spaces	5	heights
		water		dogs
5	1	go	5	fall
	2	go	6	get
	3	go	7	have
		start	8	get
6	1	maths	4	science
	2	literature	5	history
	3	technology	6	sport

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

- 7 1 used
  - 2 worked, based
  - 3 directed, invented
- 8 1 uniform 4 science 2 divorced 5 children
  - 3 separate

# 7 Reading and Writing

#### READING

	В	5	В	8	C
2	B C	6	A	9	A
3	C	7	A	10	В
1	C				

- 2 1 Ten per cent of the world's population.
  - 2 They find it difficult to understand phobias.
  - 3 Their heart starts beating quickly, and they find it difficult to breathe.
  - 4 Yoga or meditation.
  - 5 They change their diet, stop having alcohol, coffee, and other unhealthy things.

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 7 Listening and Speaking

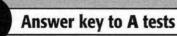
#### LISTENING

7.11 (2 marks per answer)

- 1 1886
- 2 Windscreen wipers
- 3 disposable nappies
- 4 secretary
- 5 metal

# **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.



# 8 Grammar, Vocabulary, and **Pronunciation**

#### GRAMMAR

1	1	anything	5	anything
	2	many	6	enough
	3	little	7	Someone
	4	anybody	8	too much

- 2 1 it off 2 it away 3 them on
  - 4 looking for my phone 5 look after your brother
  - 6 him back

3	1	Neither	4	am
	2	did	5	did
	3	can	6	have

#### VOCABULARY

4	1	depressed	4	interested
	2	relaxing	5	bored
	3	exciting	6	tiring
5	1	down	5	for
	2	on	6	out
	3	in	7	up
	4	over	8	up
6	1	as	4	similar
	2	so	5	neither
	3	both	6	like

### **PRONUNCIATION**

7	1	too	4	gym
	2	diet	5	hungry
	3	many		
8	1	investigate	4	how <u>ev</u> er
	2	<u>di</u> et	5	enough
	3	<u>no</u> body		300000000000000000000000000000000000000

# 8 Reading and Writing

#### READING

1	1	C	5	В	8	C
	2	A	6	C	9	B
	3	В	7	В	10	C
	4	0				

- 2 1 Because she often used to work until midnight.
  - 2 Because bright light tells the brain it's time to wake up.
  - 3 She bought heavy curtains to make her room dark.
  - 4 Because exciting stories can stop you sleeping.
  - 5 She felt more relaxed.

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 8 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

8.6 (2 marks per answer) 1 nine o'clock eight o'clock 2 quarter to seven quarter to six 3 in the evening in the mornings 4 to the gym for a long walk

5 takes his daughter to picks his daughter up from

#### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# End-of-course Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation

#### GRAMMAR

1 1 's going to look for 2 've been 3 used to live 4 isn't cleaned 5 didn't go 6 'd seen

7 have ... been married 8 's cooking

9 were watching 10 Have ... seen

11 saw 12 'll rain 13 's made

14 aren't listening

15 did ... see 16 had ... left

6 will 2 1 on 7 Although 2 won't 3 to 8 where 4 yet 9 out 10 Neither 5 often 8 should 3 1 anything 9 Swimming 2 best 3 wanted 10 must 11 too many 4 more 5 don't have to 12 told 6 wouldn't 13 might

14 enough

#### VOCABULARY

7 quickly

4	1	legs	4	wife
	2	trousers	5	dolphin
	3	chicken		
5	1	on	8	forward
	2	had	9	get
	3	generous		on
	4	through	11	won
	5	told	12	very
	6	niece	13	try
	7	quiet	14	luckily
6	1	lose	4	impatient
	2	far	5	lend
	3	safe	6	pull

7	1	for	5	into
	2	in	6	about
	3	over	7	with
	4	after	8	on
8	1	across	5	invite
	2	Change	6	go
	3	in	7	take
	4	Make		

#### PRONUNCIATION

9	1	arms	6	gym
	2	hear	7	computer
	3	take	8	skirt
	4	heart	9	jazz
	5	shirt	10	used
10	1	e-mail	6	<u>al</u> most
	2	py <u>ja</u> mas	7	ex <u>ist</u>
		university	8	<u>jour</u> ney
	4	promise	9	prefer
	5	butterfly	10	nothing

# **End of course Reading and Writing**

### READING

1	1	C	5	В	8	В
		В	6	В	9	A
	3	A	7	C	10	A
	4	C				

2 1 Water, food, shelter, and fire.

2 Rivers and plants.

3 Matches or a lighter. 4 Which ones you can eat, and which ones are poisonous.

5 The sun, the stars, and the rivers.

# WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# **End of course Listening and Speaking**

#### LISTENING

1	6	3.8				
	1	В	3	E 5	C	
	2	D	4	A		
2	4	7.5				
	1	1971	3	photography	5	2003
	2	actress	4	1999		

## **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# Answer key to B tests

# 1 Grammar, Vocabulary, and **Pronunciation**

#### GRAMMAR

- 1 1 love 5 need 2 Do ... like 6 don't speak 3 'm not studying 7 'm having
- 4 'm working 8 Are ... learning 2 1 where 4 where
- 2 which 5 which 3 who 6 where
- 3 1 What is Martin doing now?
  - 2 Where did Ben go yesterday?
  - 3 Does Paula live with her mother?
  - 4 Do you like French food?
  - 5 What is he listening to?
  - 6 How many people were at the party?

#### **VOCABULARY**

4 1 quiet 4 funny 2 extrovert 5 friendly 3 generous 6 lazy 5 1 eyes 4 fingers 2 heart 5 back 3 shoulders 6 stomach **6** 1 Turn 5 Cross 2 Work 6 Turn 3 Write 7 Copy

8 Cover

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

4 Ask

7 1 abroad 4 opposite 2 grandfather 5 intelligent 3 unfriendly 8 1 head 4 laughs 2 heart 5 ear

# 1 Reading and Writing

#### READING

3 lives

1	1	В	4	C	6	В
	2	A	5	В	7	A
	3	В				
2	1	T	4	F	7	T
	2	F	5	F	8	F
	3	F	6	T		

## WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 1 Listening and Speaking

## LISTENING

- 1.8 (2 marks per answer)
- 1 Paris dancer
- 4 hair 5 tall
- 3 fair

#### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 2 Grammar, Vocabulary and **Pronunciation**

#### GRAMMAR

1 1 did you go

	2	did you go	5	did they say
	3	happened	6	found
2	1	so	4	because
	2	because	5	although
	3	Although	6	but
3	1	Did drive	5	was doing
	2	ran	6	didn't go

4 did you do

7 saw

8 was walking

#### VOCABULARY

3 was raining

4 wasn't watching

	-	, ibothiii		
4	1	hot/boiling	4	cloudy
	2	sunny	5	cold/freezing
	3	rainy	6	windy
5	1	on	4	on
	2	at	5	in
	3	in	6	at
6	1	go	5	stay
	2	have	6	take
	3	buy	7	go
	4	walk	8	rent

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7	1	musician	4	imagine
	2	<u>al</u> bum		interviev
	3	<u>sa</u> lad		
8	1	asked	4	panic
	2	whose	5	dance
	3	why		

# 2 Reading and Writing

#### READING

1	1	В	5	В	8	В
	2	A	6	A	9	C
	3	C	7	В	10	A
	4	A				

- 2 1 He wanted to have a drink, watch the sunset, and enjoy an evening meal.
  - 2 Because it was cold and tasteless.
  - 3 He was collecting his bags.
  - 4 In Alessandro's car.
  - 5 At about midnight.

### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 2 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

€	2.3	(2 marks per answer)		
1	A	3 A	5	C
2	В	4 B		

## **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 3 Grammar, Vocabulary and **Pronunciation**

#### GRAMMAR

1	1	won't	4	Ш
	2	'11	5	Shall
	3	Will	6	'11
2	1	're going to		Did send
	2	won't be	6	didn't have
	3	was doing	7	's going to be
	4	don't live	8	's having
3	1	going to enjoy	4	going to snow
	2	going to do	5	meeting
	3	going to phone	6	going to travel

#### VOCABULARY

r
1

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7	1	<u>al</u> ways	4	father
	2	although	5	secret.
	3	complete		
8	1	know, don't		
	2	want, offer, sorry,		

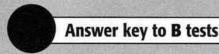
# 3 Reading and Writing

#### READING

1	1	C			4	A		
	2	В			5	C		
	3	В			6	A		
2	1	J	4	S			7	S
	2	T	5	T			8	S
	3	J	6	S			8	J

## WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.



# 3 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

3.1 (2 marks per answer)

3 B 1 1 C 4 C

#### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 4 Grammar, Vocabulary and **Pronunciation**

#### GRAMMAR

1 1 already 4 already 2 yet 5 yet

3 just 6 just

2 1 more expensive 4 most exciting the friendliest 5 the biggest

3 harder 6 more generous

3 1 have been 5 didn't stay 2 Have you booked 6 drove

3 went 7 travelled 4 have been 8 Have you ever

been

5 A

#### **VOCABULARY**

4 1 doing 4 make 2 took 5 saves 3 takes 6 change 4 interesting 5 1 unhealthy 2 far clean 3 empty 6 impossible **6** 1 cap 5 belt

2 top 6 boots 3 shoes shorts 4 hat 8 T-shirt

# **PRONUNCIATION**

7 1 impossible 4 argument 2 already 5 especially

3 comfortable

8 1 shoes 4 blouse 2 shirt 5 belt

3 pyjamas

# 4 Reading and Writing

# READING

1 1 C 5 B 8 B 9 C A 6 A 3 B 7 C 10 B 4 A

2 1 Sightseeing and fashion shopping.

2 In the boutiques.

3 She was disappointed.

4 Around the old gates of the city.

5 She was enjoying the nightlife too much.

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 4 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

4.2 (2 marks per answer)

1 a few months three weeks

2 style colour

3 Sunday Saturday

4 belt scarf

5 Speaker 3's girlfriend

#### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 5 Grammar, Vocabulary and **Pronunciation**

#### GRAMMAR

1 1 can't 4 must 2 don't have to 5 must 6 don't have to 3 mustn't 2 1 around 4 of 2 in 5 through 3 over 6 into 5 dancing 3 1 talking 2 to tell 6 to buy 3 Swimming closing 4 to learn 8 to spend

#### **VOCABULARY**

4 1 really 4 quite 2 really 5 quite 3 incredibly 6 really 5 1 go 4 play 2 do 5 do 3 go 6 play 6 1 love 5 need 2 mind 6 like 3 interested enjoy 4 thinking 8 spends

# **PRONUNCIATION**

7 1 round 4 towards 2 over 5 into 3 through 8 1 interesting 4 decide 2 forgotten 5 possible 3 escape

# 5 Reading and Writing

# READING

1	1	C	4	C	7	В
	2	В	5	A	8	C
	3	A	6	В		
2	1	S	4	T	6 7	S
	2	J	5	S	7	J
		T				

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 5 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

5.1 (2 marks per answer)

Conversation 1 B

Conversation 2 E

Conversation 3 C

Conversation 4 D Conversation 5 A

#### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 6 Grammar, Vocabulary and Pronunciation

#### GRAMMAR

1	1	'd give	4	'll be
		'll stay		won't go
		wouldn't speak		didn't have
2	1	might	4	should
	2	should	5	might
	3	shouldn't	6	should
3	1	were	5	wouldn't
	2	Would	6	don't
	3	get	7	'11
	4	could	8	'd

#### **VOCABULARY**

4 1 eagle

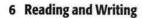
	2	mice	5	bull
	3	lion	6	chicken
5	1	get lost	5	get home
	2	get a letter	6	get up
	3	get an e-mail	7	get fit
	4	get a job	8	get married
6	1	waiting	4	wear
	2	met	5	lend
	3	made	6	looks like

4 sheep

## **PRONUNCIATION**

7	1	trans <u>la</u> tion	4	information
	2	conclude	5	aspirin
	3	crocodile		
8	1	move	4	meet
	2	borrow	5	push
	3	if		

# Answer key to B tests



#### READING

1	1	В	5	A	8	C
	2	В	6	C		A
	3	A	7	В	10	В
	4	B				

- 2 1 They are huge, and they can make a lot of noise.
  - 2 When they are protecting their families.
  - They have beautiful silver fur on their backs.
  - 4 The gorillas will attack and fight to the
  - 5 They want to cut the forests down and use it for farmland, fuel, and housing.

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 6 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

6.4 (2 marks per answer)

- 1 pull their victims onto land take their victims under the water
- on its back in its eye
- can't climb trees as well as can climb trees better than
- another bear dead
- at it away from you

# **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

## 7 Grammar, Vocabulary and **Pronunciation**

#### **GRAMMAR**

1	1	Did use to	4	used to
		didn't use to	5	didn't use to
	3	used to	6	Did use to

- 2 1 is harmed by pollution
  - 2 are preferred by our school
  - 3 was won by a teacher from our school
  - 4 was painted by Van Gogh
  - 5 is played by Orlando Bloom
  - 6 was built by my father before I was born

8 didn't study

3 1 haven't seen 5 spoke 2 moved 6 've known 3 have ... lived 7 've been

4 's worked

# VOCABULARY

4 1 90

	-	50		lan
	2	go	6	get
	3	go	7	have
	4	start	8	get
5	1	sport	4	foreign language
	2	history		technology
	3	maths	6	literature

5 fall

- **6** 1 dogs 4 flying 2 heights 5 water
  - 3 spiders 6 closed spaces

## **PRONUNCIATION**

7	1	children	4	uniform
	2	<u>se</u> parate	5	science
	3	divorced		

- 8 1 based
  - 2 designed, used
  - 3 directed, invented

# 7 Reading and Writing

#### READING

1	1	В	5	В	8	C
	2	В	6	A		A
	3	C	7	A	10	В
		C				

- flying, heights, closed or open spaces They know there's no real danger, but they can't control their fear.
  - Their heart starts beating quickly and they find it difficult to breathe.
  - 4 Stop having coffee, alcohol, and other unhealthy things.
- 5 It can help them to relax.

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# 7 Listening and Speaking

## LISTENING

7.11 (2 marks per answer)

1	American	
2	1903	

5 bullet-proof vests

4 Tippex

## 3 55 million

### **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

## 8 Grammar, Vocabulary and Pronunciation

# GRAMMAR 1 1 her back

	2	look after the baby	5	it on
		it off		them away
2	1	have	4	So
	2	did	5	can
	3	Neither	6	did
3	1	Someone	5	too much
	2	anything	6	little
	3	anything	7	anywhere
	4	enough	8	many

4 she get up

#### **VOCABULARY**

4	1	up	5	up
	2	up	6	in
	3	down	7	away
	4	out	8	on
5	1	like	4	like
	2	neither	5	both
	3	as	6	so
6	1	tiring	4	boring
	2	bored	5	exciting
	3	depressed		relaxing

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

7	1	e <u>nough</u>	4	investigate
	2	nobody	5	how <u>ev</u> er
	3	<u>di</u> et		
8	1	gym	4	enough
	2	many	5	diet
	3	hungry		

# 8 Reading and Writing

### READING

1	1	В	5	A	8	В
	2	В	6	A	9	C
	3	A	7	C	10	C
		В				

2 1 drive home, eat, go to bed

2 Your brain tells you it's time to wake up.

3 She bought heavy curtains.

4 They can be too exciting and stop you sleeping.

5 She was more relaxed and she had better concentration.

## WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.



# Answer key to B tests

# 8 Listening and Speaking

#### LISTENING

8.6 (2 marks per answer)

1 five four

2 two hours an hour

3 to the gym cycling

4 at weekends in the afternoons

5 three day week four-day week

## **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

# **End-of-course Grammar, Vocabulary** and Pronunciation

#### GRAMMAR

1	1	out	6	to
	2	will	7	Where
	3	on	8	won't
	4	where	9	Although
	5	Neither	10	yet
2	1	anything	8	yet
	2	wanted	9	enough
	3	quickly		told
	4	don't have to	11	must
	5	Swimming	12	should
	6	too many	13	wouldn't
	7	might	14	more

3 1 's cooking 9 have ... been married 2 isn't listening 10 did ... see

3 's made 11 didn't go 4 'll rain 12 isn't cleaned 13 used to live 5 saw 6 Have ... seen 14 've been

7 were watching 15 's going to look for

4 fail

8 had already left 16 'd seen

## **VOCABULARY**

**4** 1 pull

	2	lend	5	safe
	3	lose	6	far
5	1	go	5	take
	2	Make	6	Change
	3	across	7	down
	4	invite		
6	1	with	5	on
	2	into	6	over
	3	for	7	to
	4	about	8	in
7	1	luckily	8	uncle
	2	try	9	told
	3	won	10	quiet
	4	very	11	through
	5	get	12	generous
	6	on	13	had
	7	forward	14	on
8	1	dolphin	4	crowded
		chicken	5	legs

## **PRONUNCIATION**

9	1	ex <u>ist</u>	6	pyjamas
	2	uni <u>ver</u> sity	7	prefer
	3	<u>jour</u> ney	8	promise
	4	<u>al</u> most	9	e-mail
	5	<u>no</u> thing	10	<b>butterfly</b>
10	1	computer	6	ears
	2	skirt	7	again
	3	heart	8	jazz
	4	used	9	hear
	5	gym	10	take

# **End-of-course Reading and Writing**

#### READING

1	1	C	5	В	8	В
	2	A	6	A	9	C
	3	В	7	C	10	A
	A	A				

2 1 You should leave them at home.

2 Vines, roots, and palm trees.

3 Dry sticks, matches, or a lighter.

4 Because you will need to know which are poisonous, and which you can eat.

5 The sun, the stars, and the rivers.

#### WRITING

Student's own answers. See marking guidelines on p.3.

# **End-of-course Listening and Speaking**

## LISTENING

1	4	3.8				
	1	C	3	В	5	A
	2	E	4	D		
2	6	7.5				

1 2003 3 photography 5 1999 2 1971 4 film director

## **SPEAKING**

See marking guidelines on p.3.

3 trousers



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